The Position of Research

by Gerrit Muller University of South-Eastern Norway-NISE

e-mail: gaudisite@gmail.com

www.gaudisite.nl

Abstract

This article gives a vision of the position of research in todays fast changing world, where knowledge plays a dominant role.

The process view in this article is based on the business decomposition as described in "The Process Decomposition Of a Business".

This article is triggered by a series of sessions initiated by Martin Schuurmans about the "backbone of the NatLab".

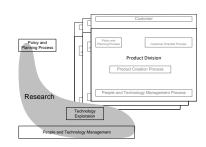
Distribution

This article or presentation is written as part of the Gaudí project. The Gaudí project philosophy is to improve by obtaining frequent feedback. Frequent feedback is pursued by an open creation process. This document is published as intermediate or nearly mature version to get feedback. Further distribution is allowed as long as the document remains complete and unchanged.

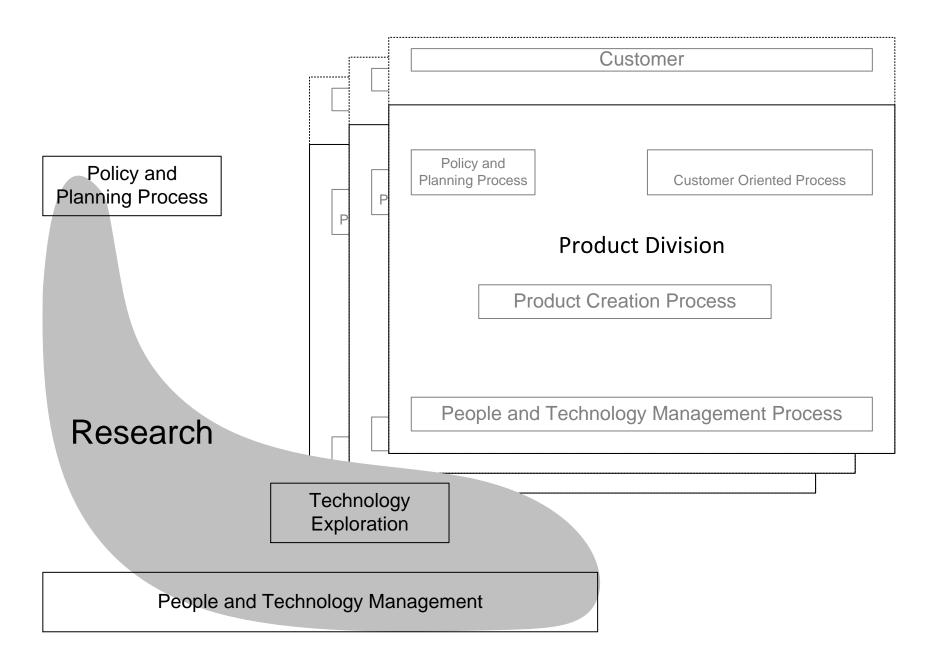
September 6, 2020 status: preliminary

draft_.

version: 0.3

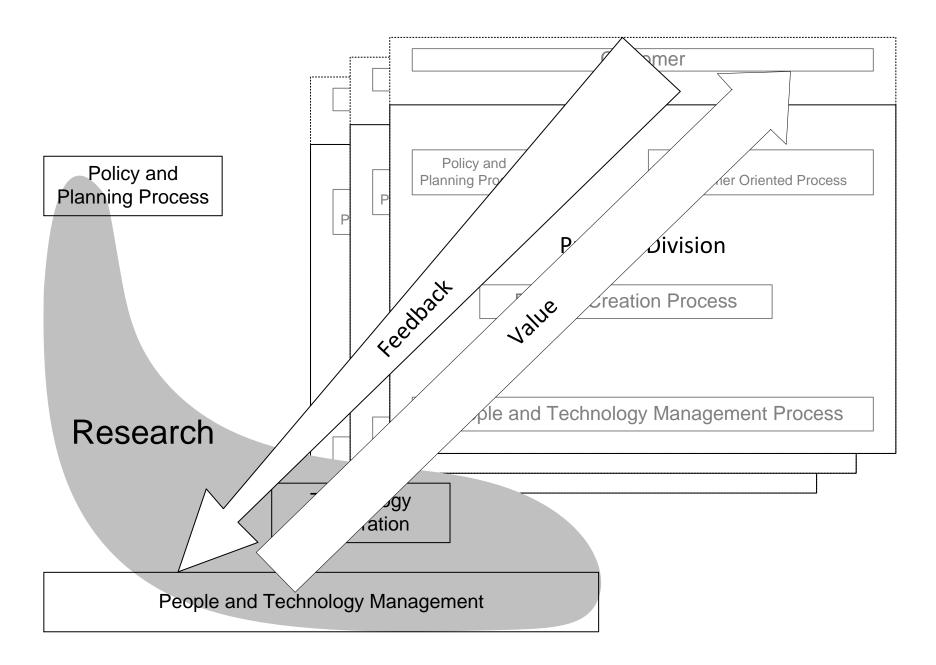


Research in Business Process Context





Value and Feedback Chain



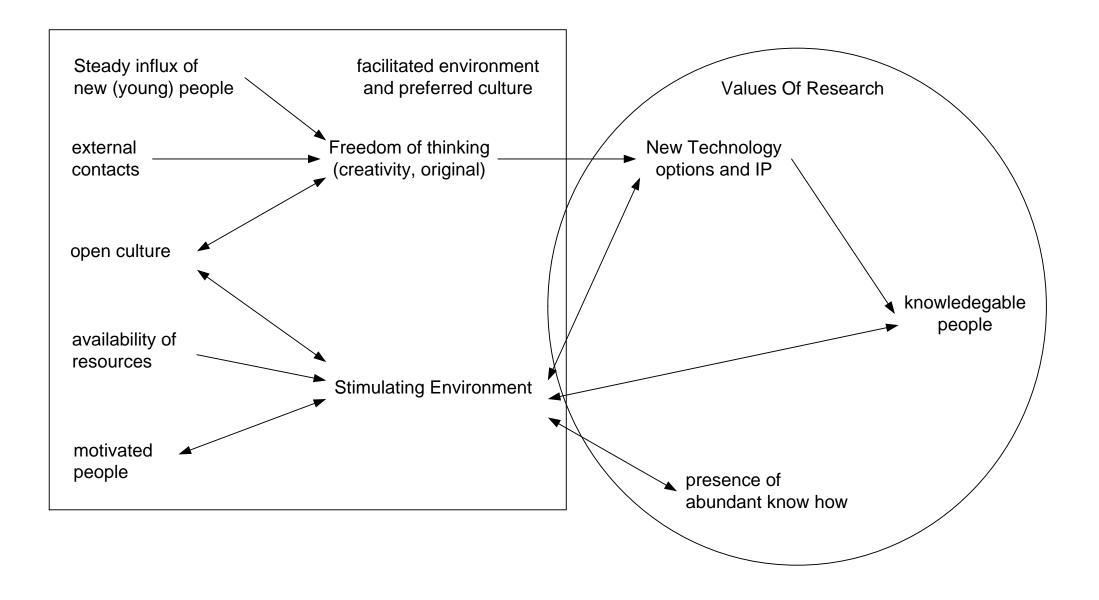


Value of Research

- 1. Creation of Technology Options
- 2. Creation of Intellectual Property position
- 3. Corporate wide body of know how
- 4. Source of knowledgeable People



Relation of Environment and Value





TechnologyManagement

- The strategic direction (Which technologies are required, and Why)
- The tactical decisions (How do we obtain and maintain the required technologies, Who is involved)
- The operational implementation (Do Assess, create, acquire, try-out et cetera)



Technology definitions

Core technology brings the added value to the products, in other words it is the right of existence of this product.

Key technology is critical for the performance of the product, however when partners can supply the technology this is welcome. Due to the critical nature of the technology this partnership needs active management.

Base technology is from this business point of view a commodity, which should be acquired from third parties. Active participation should be avoided, however sufficient know how must be present for selection and application.



ActiveTechnology Management

- know how
- skills
- processes
- tools



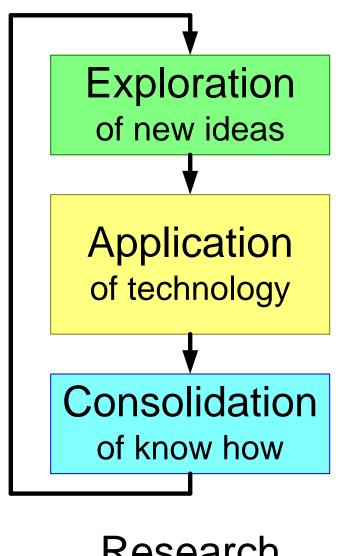
Passive Technology Management

Intellectual Property or standardization without product application

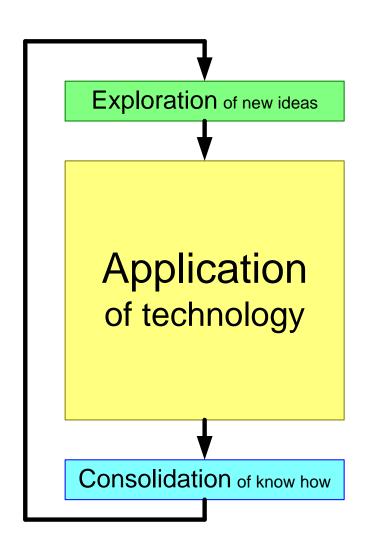
- offensive
- negotation directed
- defensive



The Technology Management Cycle



Research



Product Division



Threats

- Budget driven decision making
- Annoying formalisms (bureaucracy)
- Conflicting personal incentives and collective interests (open culture versus "prestatie beloning")
- Challenging technology companies
- Lack of reward, due to long value and feedback chain
- Too many managers and bosses, too few leaders
- Too much passive technology management
- Contribution and recognition of individual in large organization



Working Group "NatLab Backbone"

The following people have been participating in the working group "NatLab Backbone": Peter Slikkerveer, Pierre Woerlee, Reinder Coehoorn, Stan Baggen, Derk Reefman, Gerrit Muller, Albert van der Werf, Martin Schuurmans, Aart van Gorkum, Rick Harwig, Ed Huijbregts.

