A Multi-Disciplinary Research Approach, Illustrated by the Boderc Project

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Abstract

Research of Multi-Disciplinary subjects is complicated by its nature. Systems Engineering is the application area of the research results. Systems Engineering is applied in industrial or commercial domains. The drivers and culture in these domains differ quite a lot from the drivers of the (academic) research community. We will discuss and illustrate a research approach called *Industry-as-laboratory*. We will discuss how to get from industrial problem to a research hypothesis, and how to validate the hypothesis.

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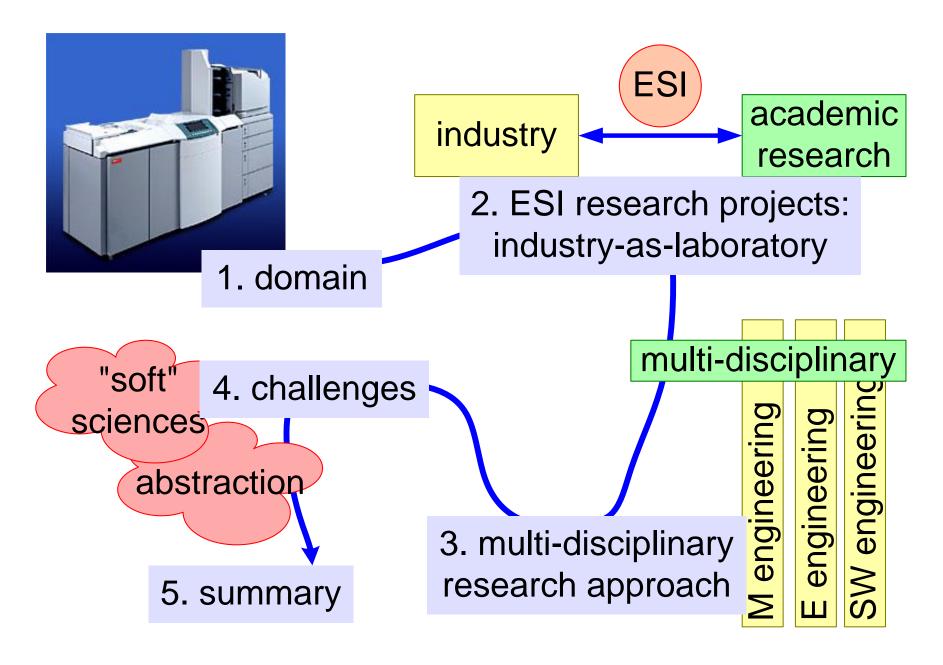
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Figure Of Contents™





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Typical Industrial Problem in Mechatronic Systems

Many multi-disciplinary problems in product development

Mechanical engineering precedes
Electronics engineering precedes
Software engineering

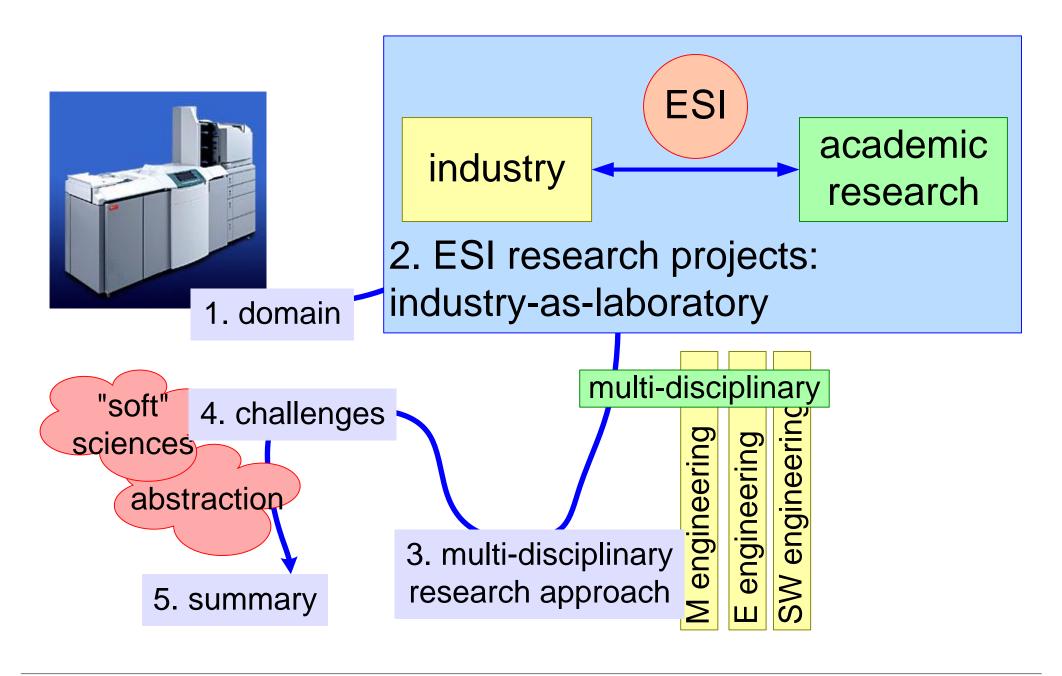
Most of the problems show up late in engineering and in the integration phase

For instance mechatronics assumes 1 ms response Software promises 10 ms response

Lack of systematic approaches to detect / solve these problems in early phases

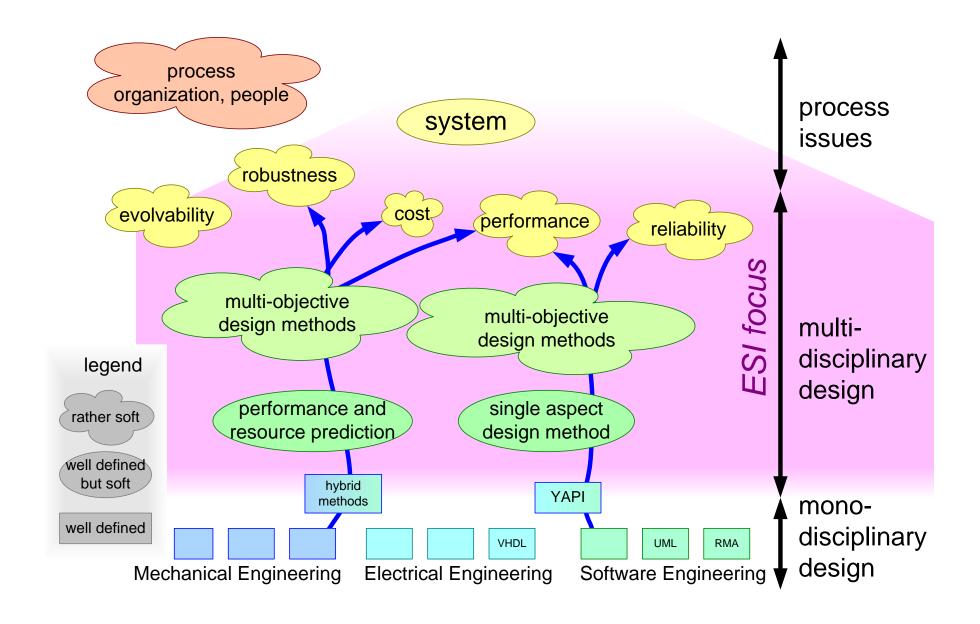
Lots of tuning, trial and error
Unpredictable project timing and costs





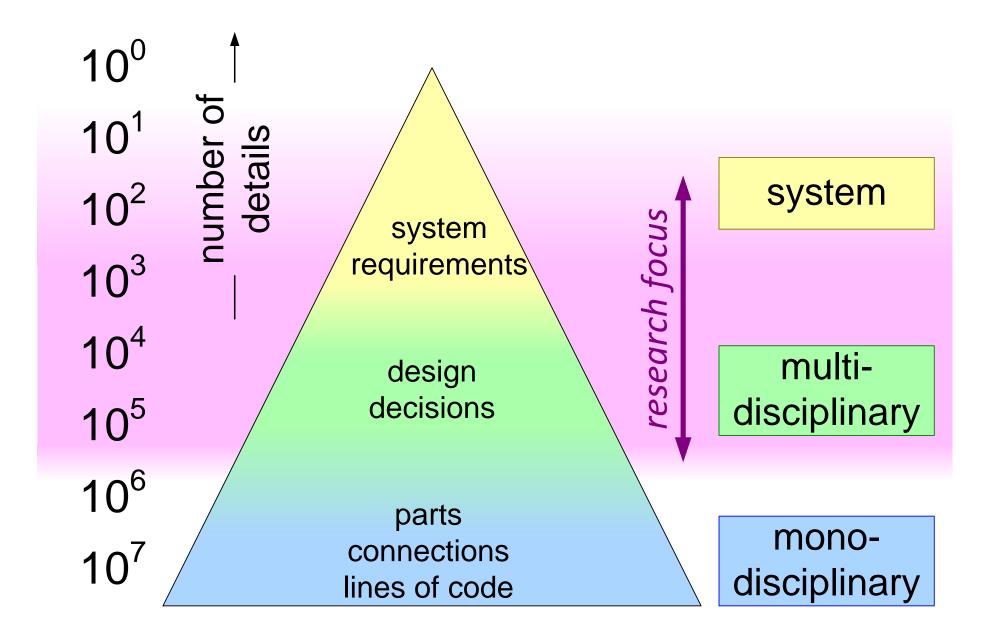


From Mono-Disciplinary to System



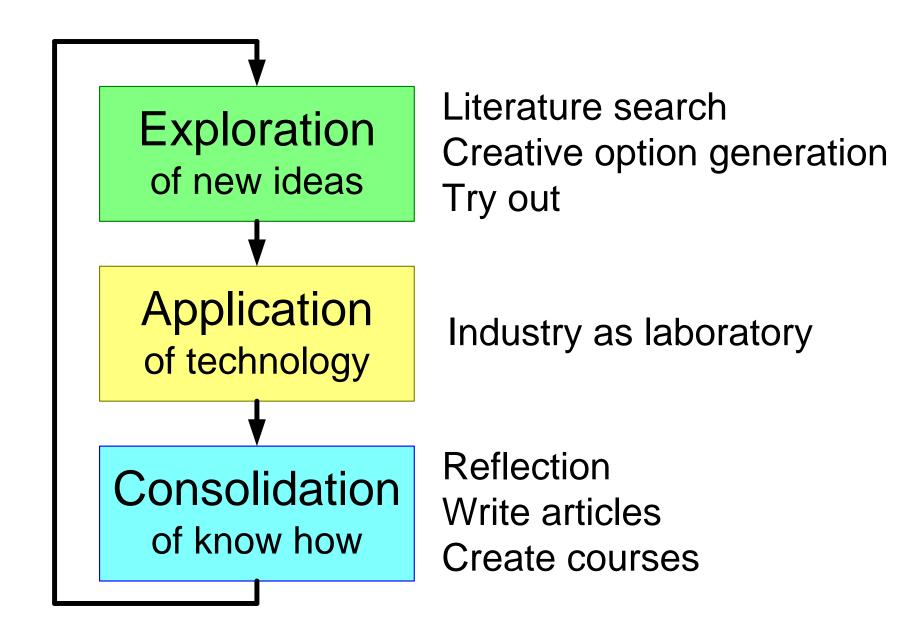


Exponential Pyramid, from requirement to bolts and nuts



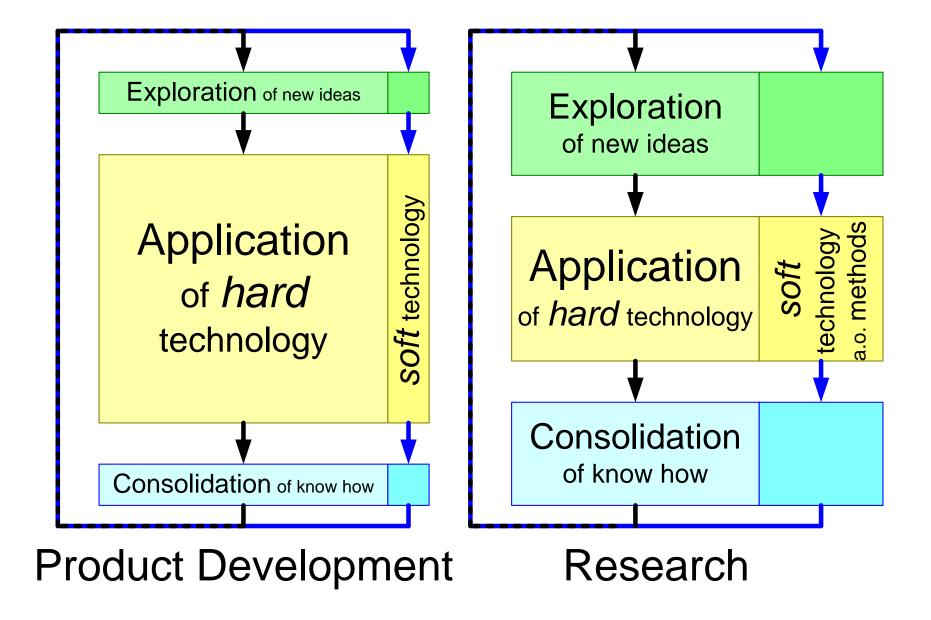


Technology Management Cycle



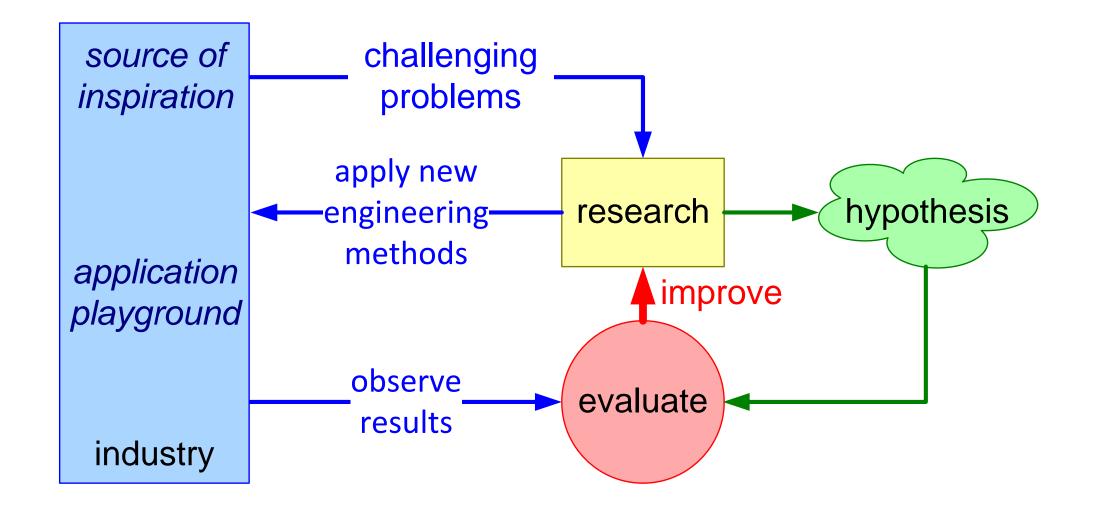


Method research requires application of methods

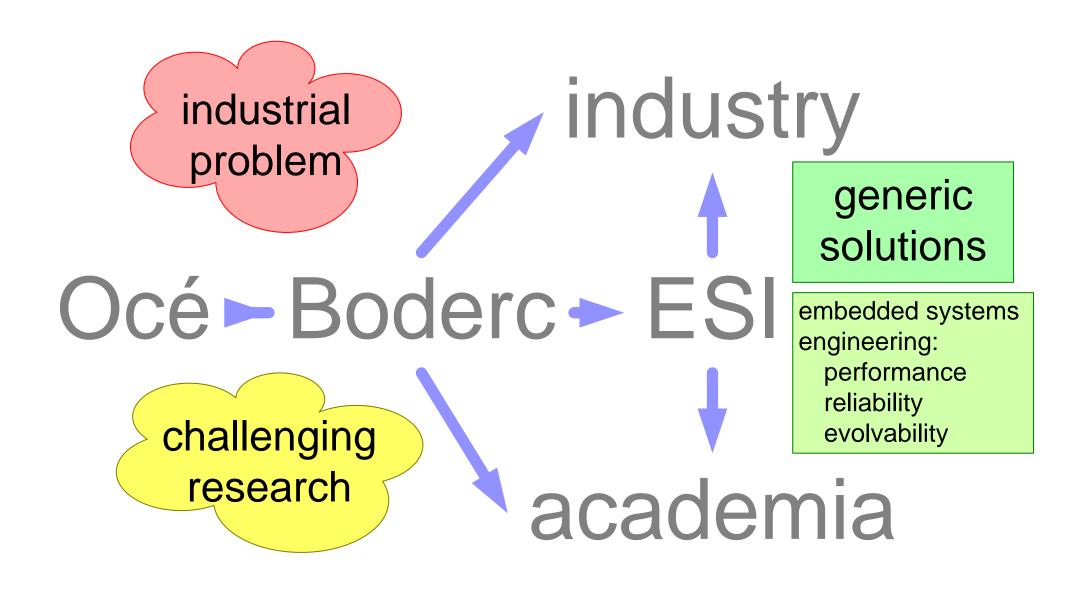




Industry as Laboratory

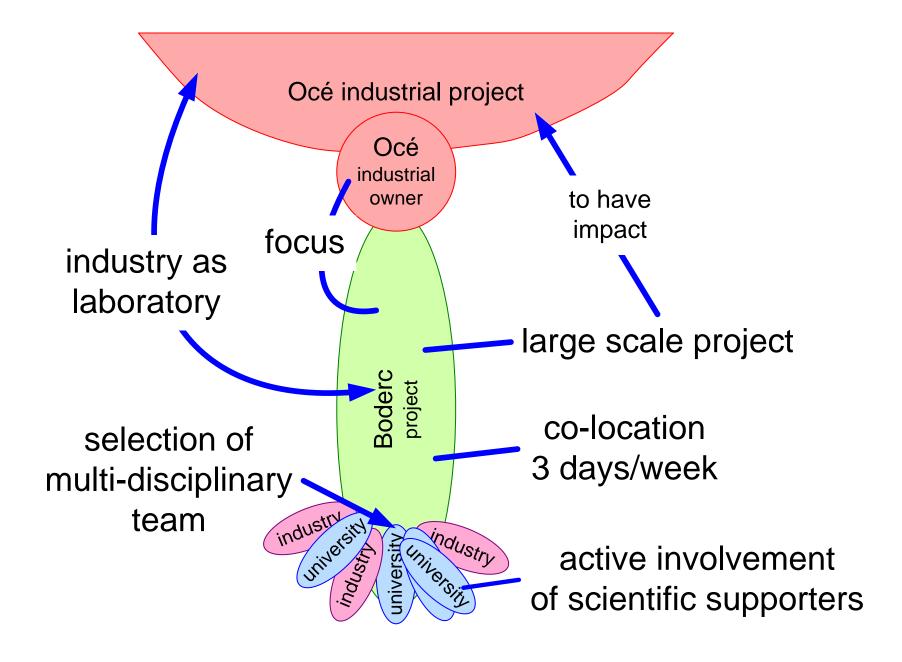






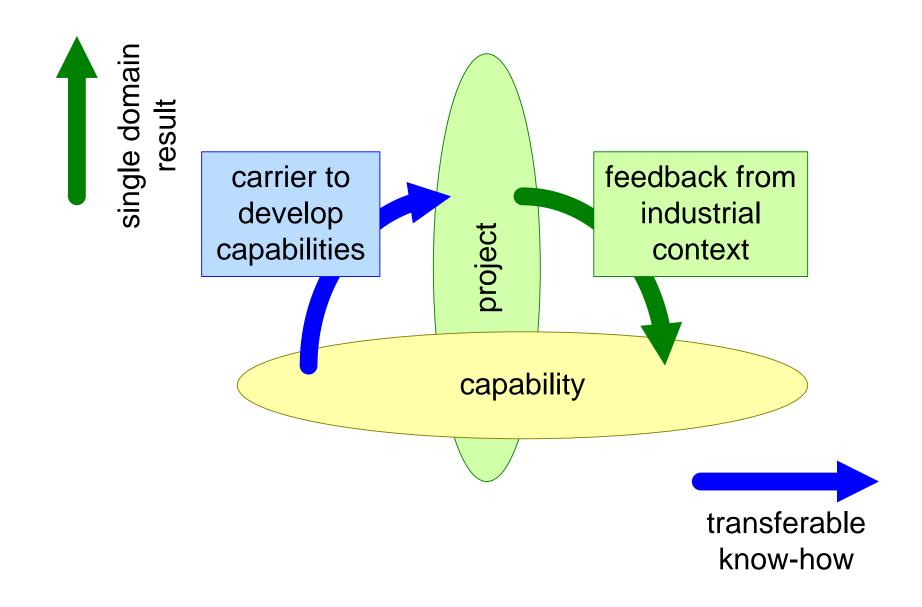


Critical Success Factors for projects

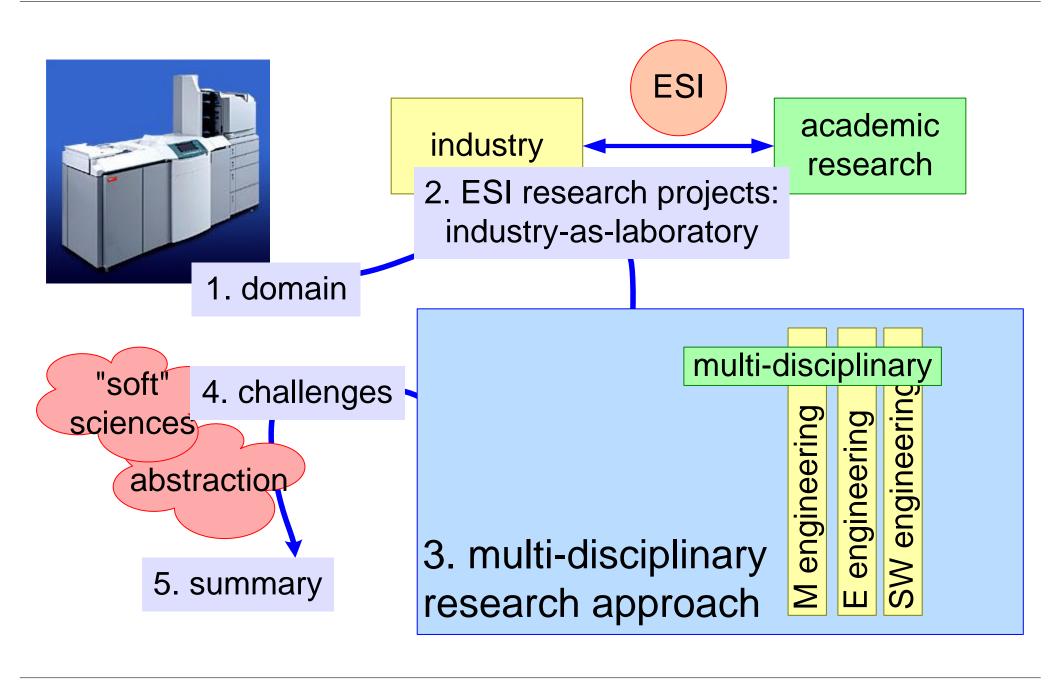




Project as Carrier for Capability Development

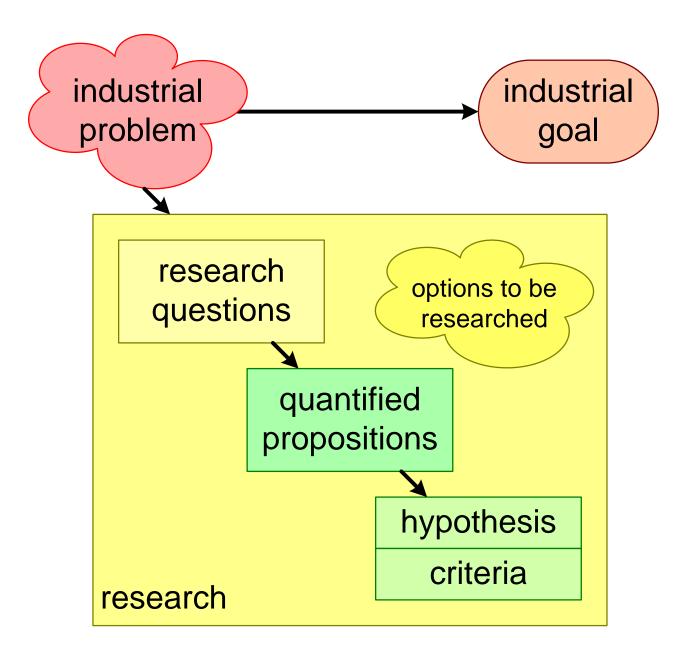






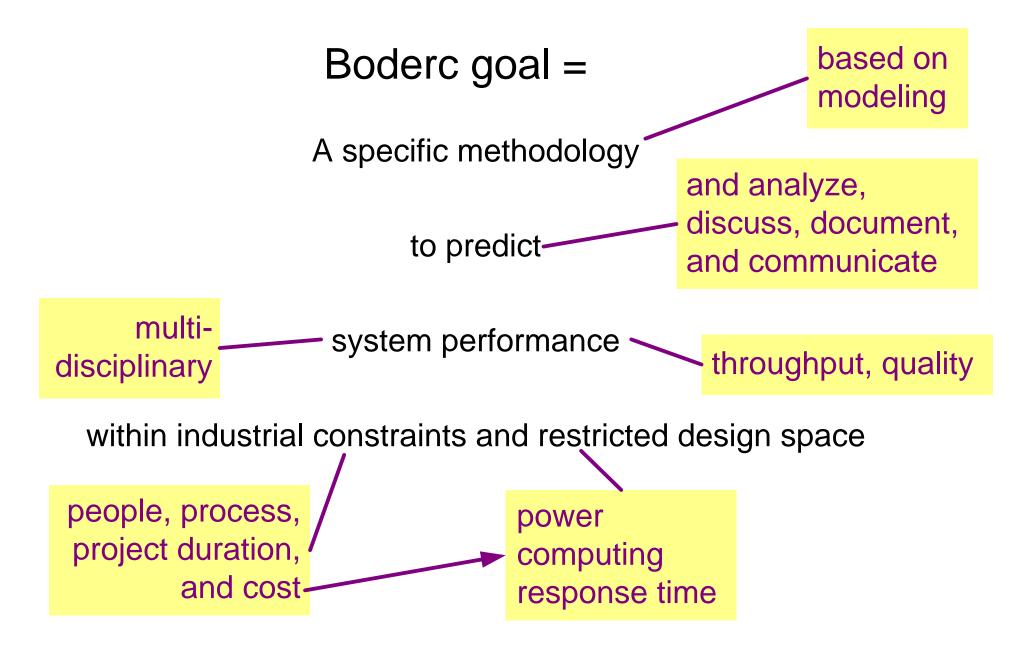


From Industrial Problem to Validated Research





Boderc Research Project Goal





What Formalisms, Models, Techniques, Methods and Tools are needed?

What is an appropriate level of abstraction and effort to model?

What determines the useability of models?



Methodology

Formalisms languages/syntax: for example, differential equations, timed or hybrid automata, finite state machines, et cetera

Models instantations of formalisms to understand, explore, optimize or verify specification or design

Techniques to get the required information from models: e.g. performance

Methods to provide guidelines how to use formalisms, create models, use techniques and apply tools

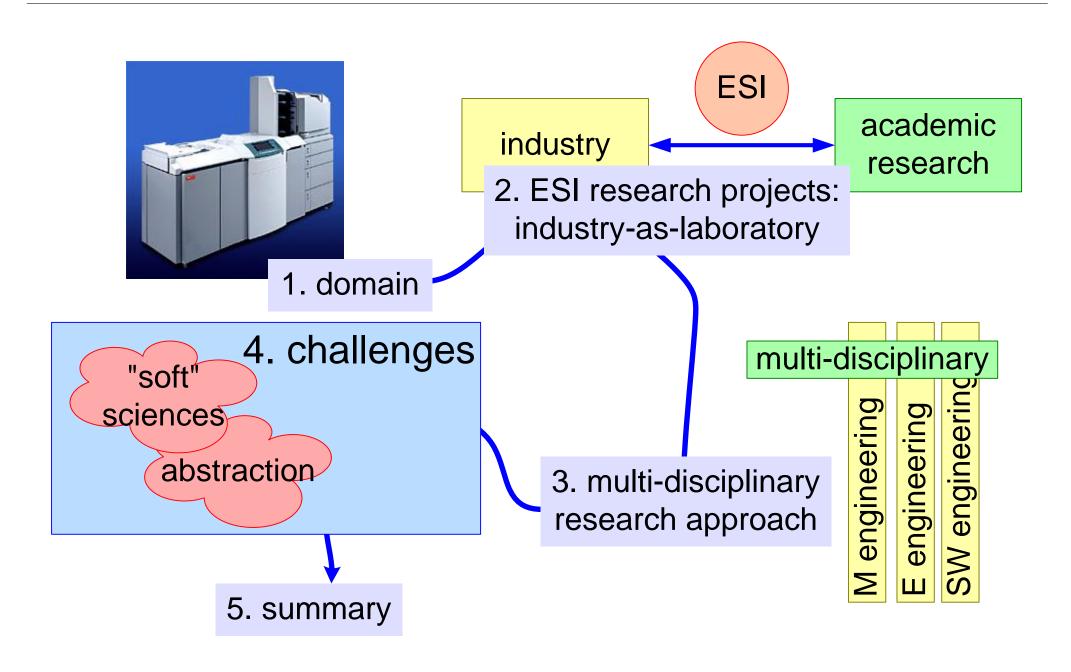
Tools to support efficient application of formalisms, techniques and methods



The Boderc Hypothesis

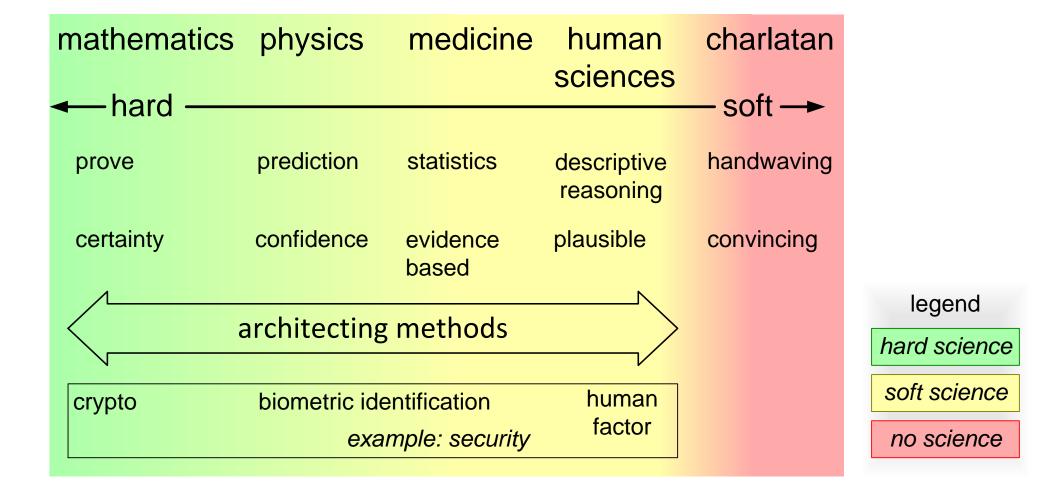
The product creation lead time
will be reduced significantly by
the use of multi-disciplinary models
during the early product development phases.





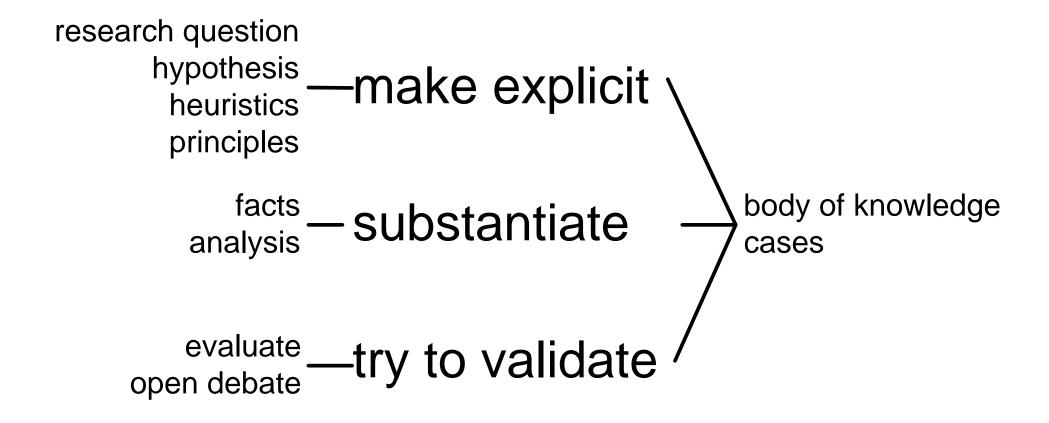


Spectrum of sciences



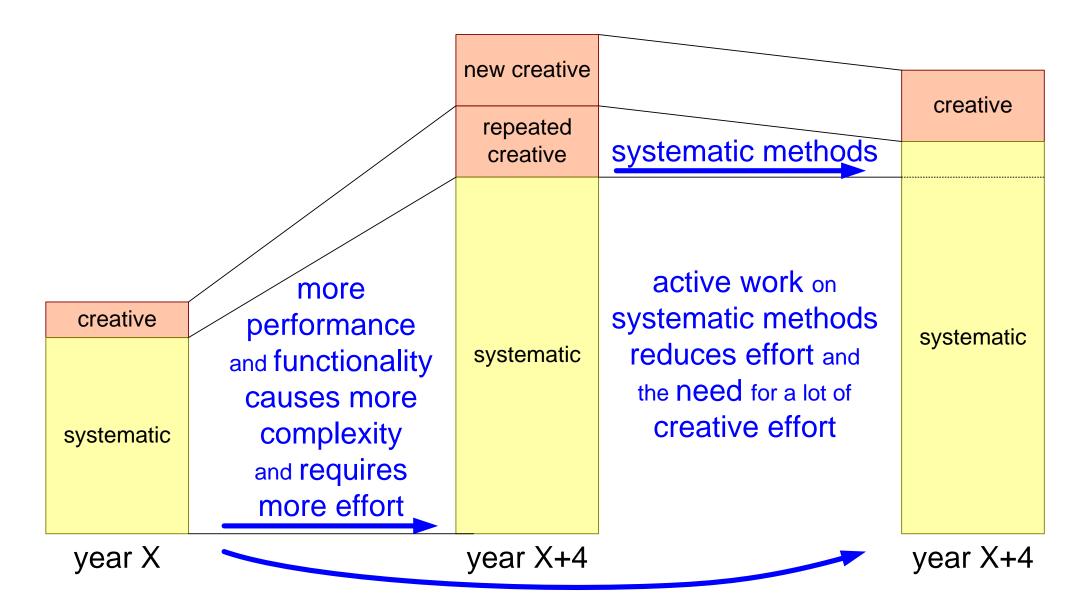


soft is not in conflict with scientific attitude



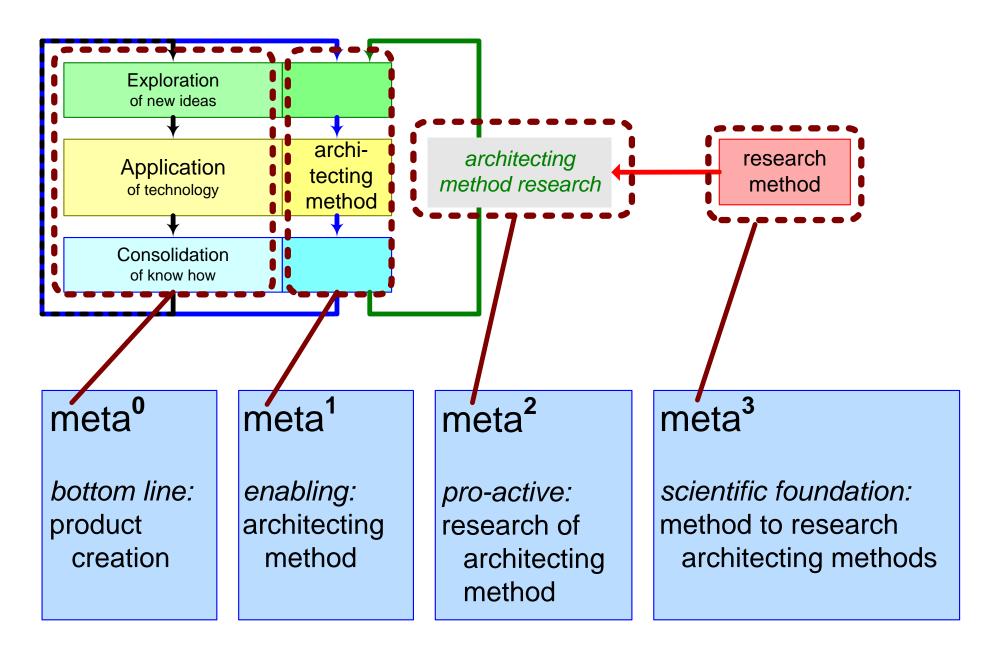


Systematic Know-how to cope with Growing Complexity

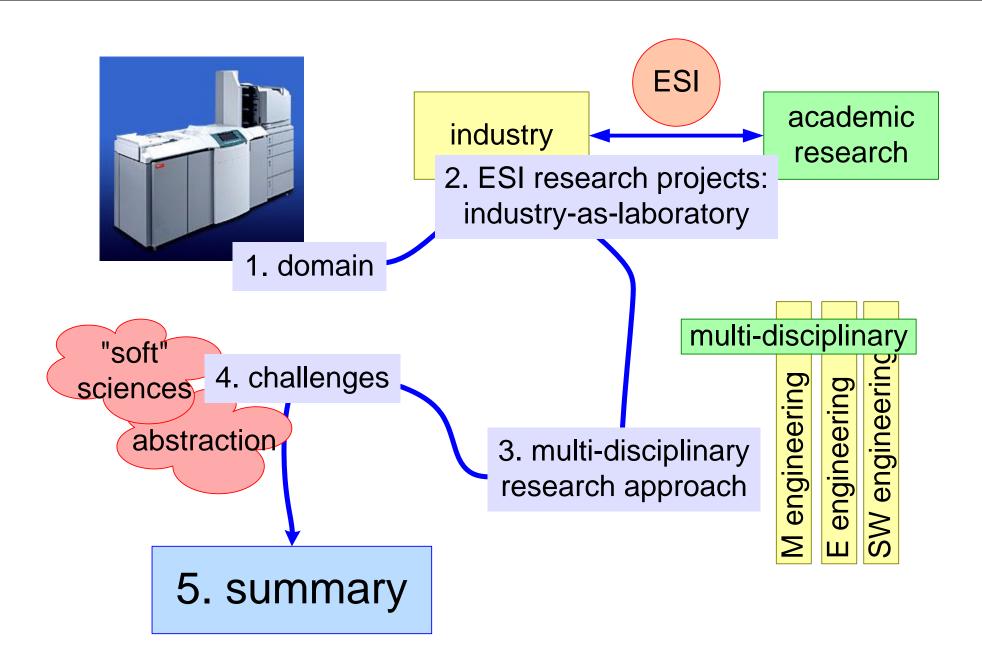




Moving in the *meta* direction









Summary

