Human Side: Team Work

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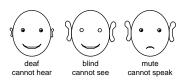
Abstract

The creation of products requires many different people to cooperate. The work is often organized in teams. The team members have complimentary skills and knowledge. In many management courses the need to design teams is emphasized. Unfortunately, often these recommendations are ignored. We re-iterate in this paper the rationale for teams and the recommendations for designing the team itself.

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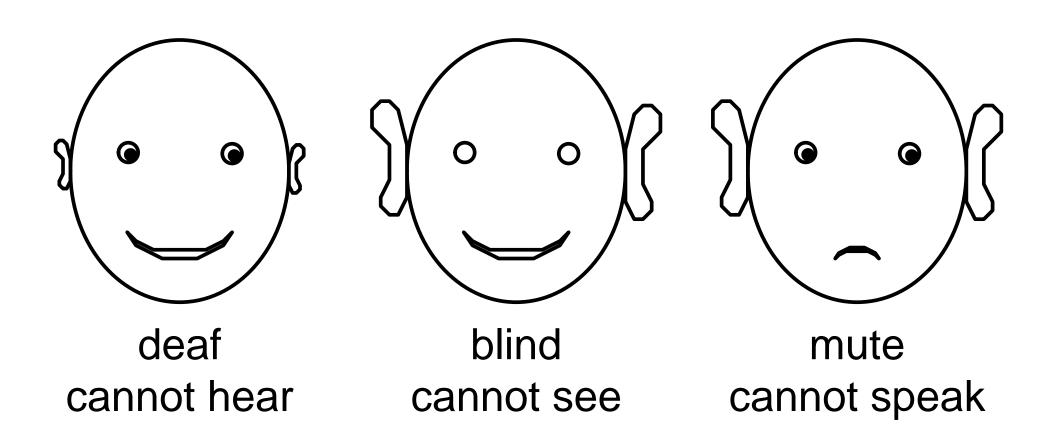
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but in the team two can hear, two can see, and two can speak

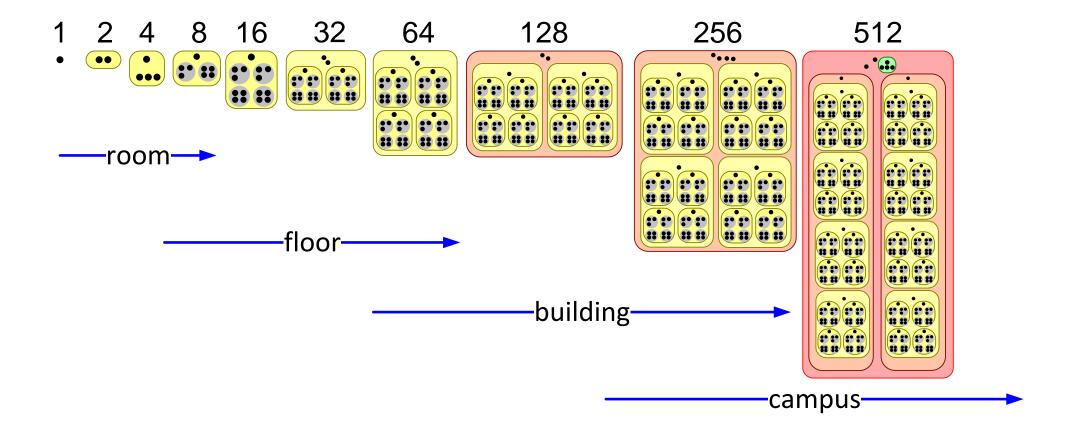
Teams consist of complementary people



but in the team two can hear, two can see, and two can speak

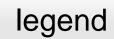


Organization size and teams



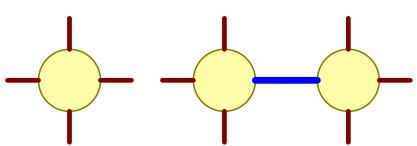


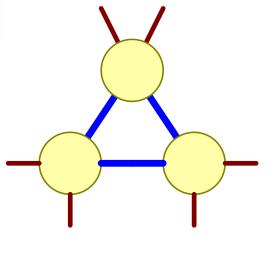
Very simplistic team model

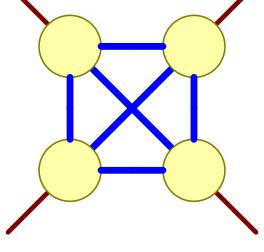


productive work

communication







1-person team eff = 100%

2-person team eff = 75%

3-person team eff = 50%

4-person team eff = 25%

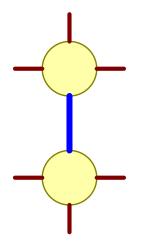


Hierarchical simplistic team model

legend

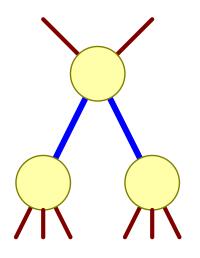
productive work

communication

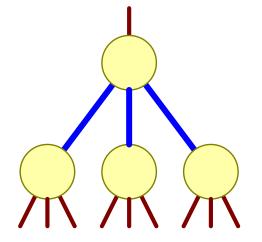


2-person team eff = 75%

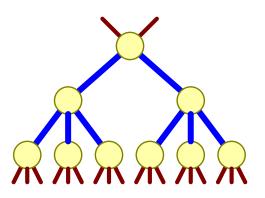
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3-person team eff = 66%

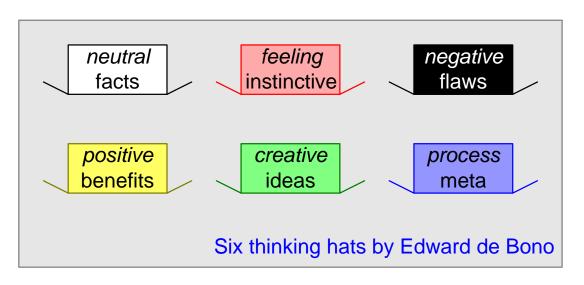


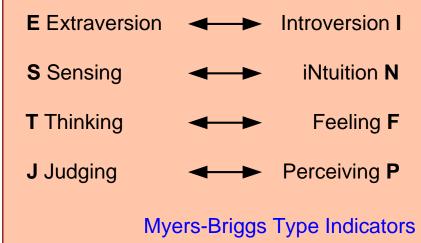
4-person team eff = 62.5%



9-person team eff ~= 56%

Many personality and role models are available

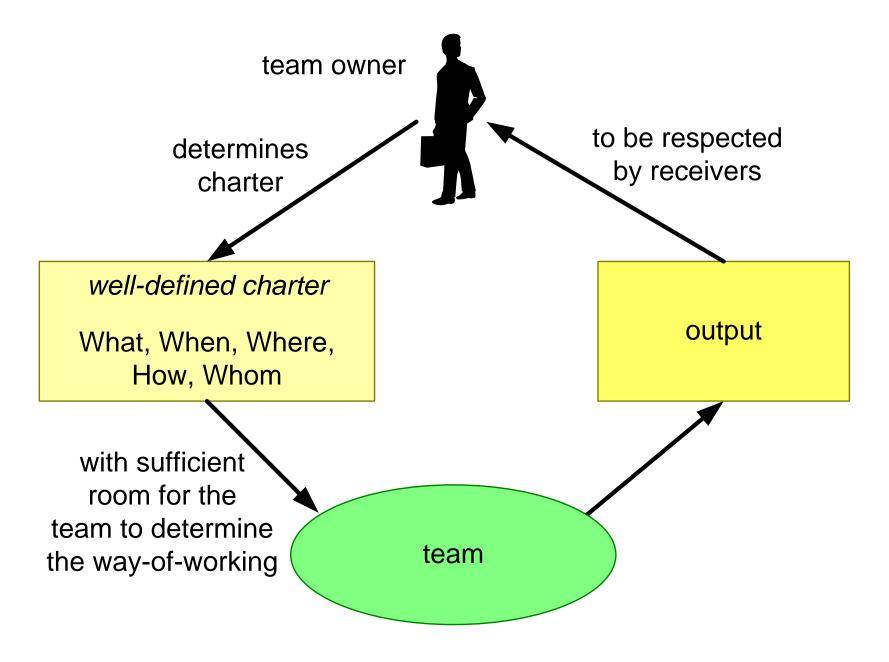




<i>plant</i> creative	team worker co-operative, averts friction	implementer disciplined, conservative, do-er
resource investigator enthusiatic communicator	shaper driver, dynamic	completer finisher conscientious, painstaking
co-ordinator mature, chairman	monitor evaluator sober, analytical	specialist single-minded, rare skills
		Belbin's team roles

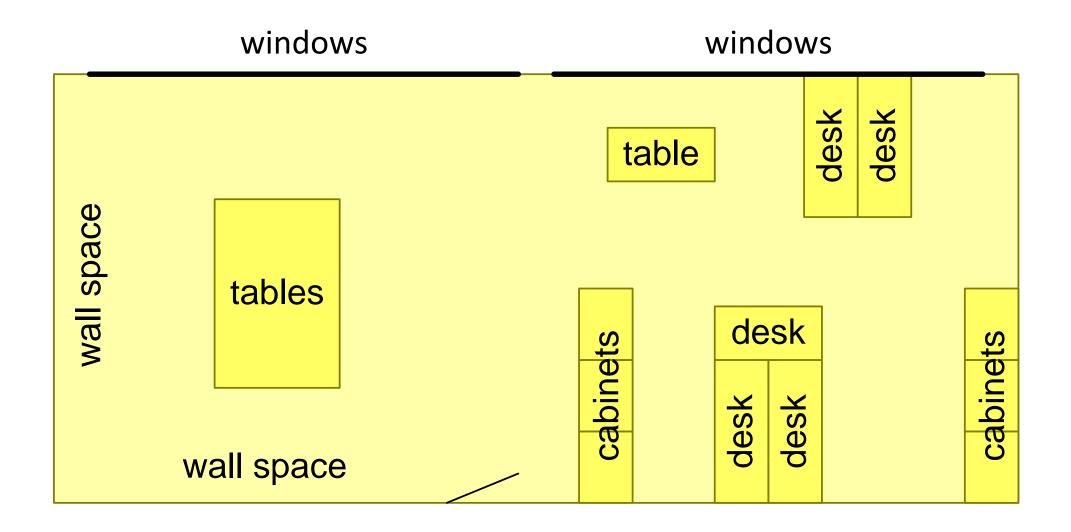


Process of creating and using a team





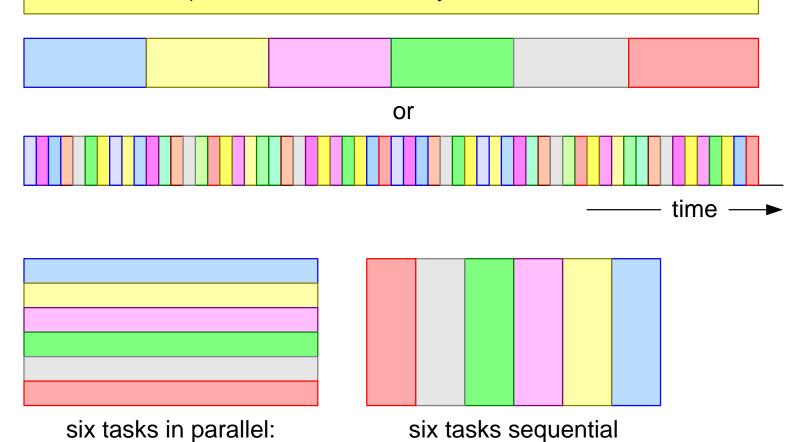
"War Room" is very effective





Concurrency and Fragmentation lower efficiency

How many (semi-)concurrent tasks can a person handle? Working in burst-mode (concentrating on one task for one day, week or month) can increase efficiency.

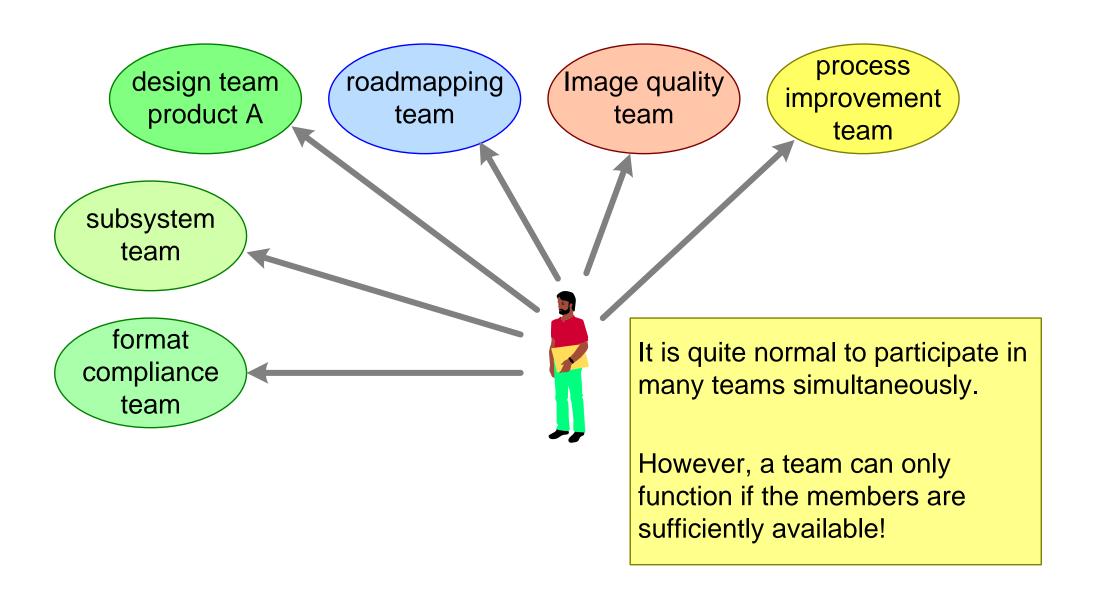




all results are late

first result in 1/6 of time!

One person will be member of multiple teams





Critical Success Factors for teams

well defined charter clear owner of the result respect for the output of the team freedom of way-of-working housing and location availability of team members complementary roles diversity, pluriformity

