Lecture slides course Execution Architecture

by Gerrit Muller **Embedded Systems Institute**

Abstract

The course Execution Architecture is a joint effort of Ton Kostelijk and Gerrit Muller. Only limited theory is given, most time is spent hands-on. Not all the material is in this bundle, the material made by Ton Kostelijk is in a separate handout.

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logo **TBD**

status: planned

September 1, 2020

version: 0

Module Information of the course Execution Architecture

University of South-Eastern Norway-NISE by Gerrit Muller

e-mail: gaudisite@gmail.com

www.gaudisite.nl

Abstract

The course execution architecture is a joint effort of Ton Kostelijk and Gerrit Muller. The intention of the course is to help the participants in the practical aspects of designing an execution architecture. Most time during the course is spent in the normal development environment in exploring, measuring and modifying the current design. In the course setting the results are evaluated and next steps are planned. The amount of theory in the course itself is very limited, plenty of theoretical courses exist already.

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Course Execution Architecture

by Gerrit Muller University of South-Eastern Norway-NISE

e-mail: gaudisite@gmail.com

www.gaudisite.nl

Abstract

The course Execution Architecture (EA) is described. The program existing of 2 modules and 3 feedback and plan sessions is described. The course format, based mostly on hands on work in real products being created, is explained. The course execution architecture is a joint effort of Ton Kostelijk and Gerrit Muller.

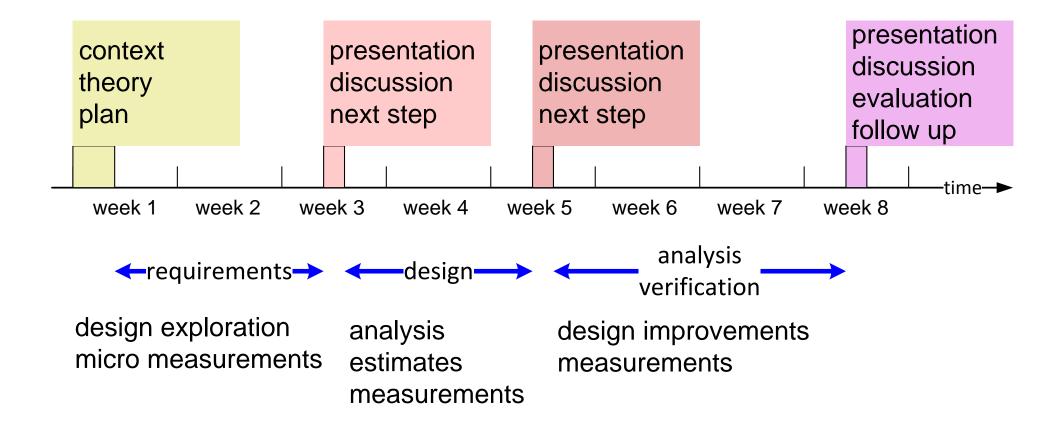
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Course Program





Rules of the Broadcast Part

- Please write your questions/remarks/statements on yellow stickers and attach them at the end on the P-flip.
 - These will be used in the interactive section for discussion and to increase insight.
- Short clarification questions are welcome,
 Discussion will take place in the interactive part.
- Stupid questions don't exist. Learning is based on safe and open interaction.
 Very individual-oriented questions can be referred to a break or after the session.



Rules of the Interactive and the Practice Part

- Your contribution is essential.
- Don't monopolize the time. Everyone, also the quiet people, should have the opportunity to contribute.
 - The facilitator will intervene if the contribution is limited to a small group of participants.
- Respect the contribution of others.
 Opinions can't be wrong, difference of opinion is normal and called pluriformity.
- The course format is highly experimental and based on improvisation, constructive proposals are welcome.
 - It is your course! Regular evaluations will give the opportunity to influence the rest of the course.



Evaluation of the Expectations

Please write your name and expectations with a marker on one A4 page.

Describe your expectations as one-liner or in a few keywords.

These pages will be displayed on the wall of the room.

At the end of the course we will look back on these expectations, with the purpose of two-way learning.



Module Execution Architecture approach and concepts

by Gerrit Muller University of South-Eastern Norway-NISE

e-mail: gaudisite@gmail.com

www.gaudisite.nl

Abstract

The module Execution architecture approach and concepts addresses an incremental approach to design an execution architecture. A set of concepts is introduced and illustrated, which is useful in the hands on phase of the course.

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An incremental execution architecture design approach

by Gerrit Muller University of South-Eastern Norway-NISE

e-mail: gaudisite@gmail.com

www.gaudisite.nl

Abstract

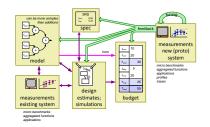
An incremental design approach for the execution architecture is described. The method is based on identification of the most critical requirement from both user as well as technical point of view. The implementation itself is based on quantified budgets. The creation, modification and verification of the budget is discussed.

Distribution

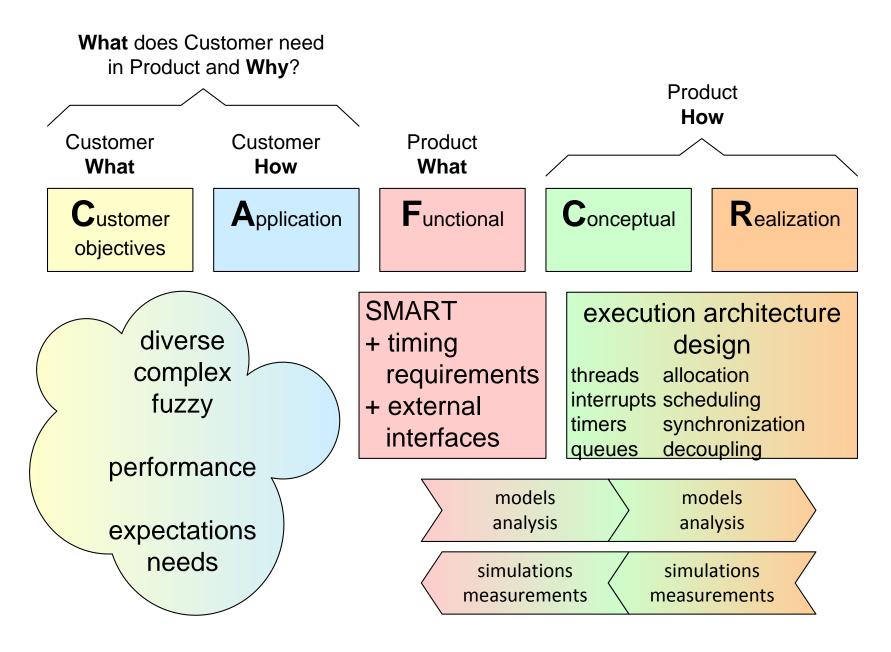
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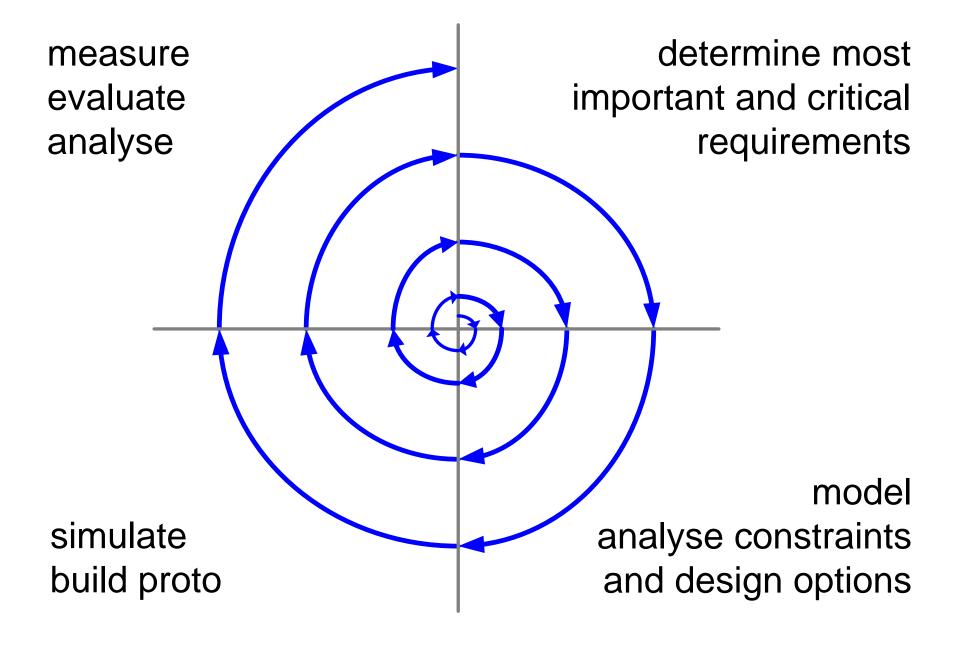


Positioning in CAFCR



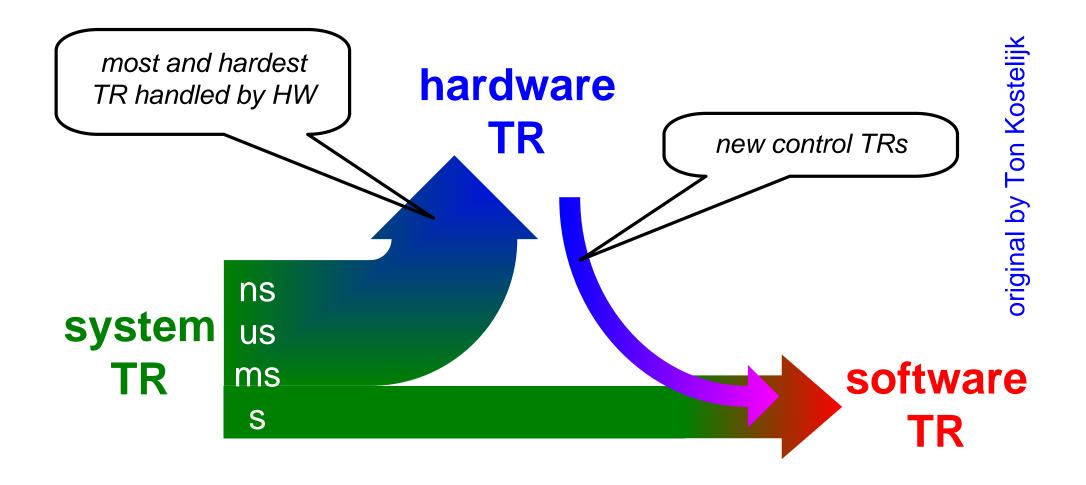


Incremental approach



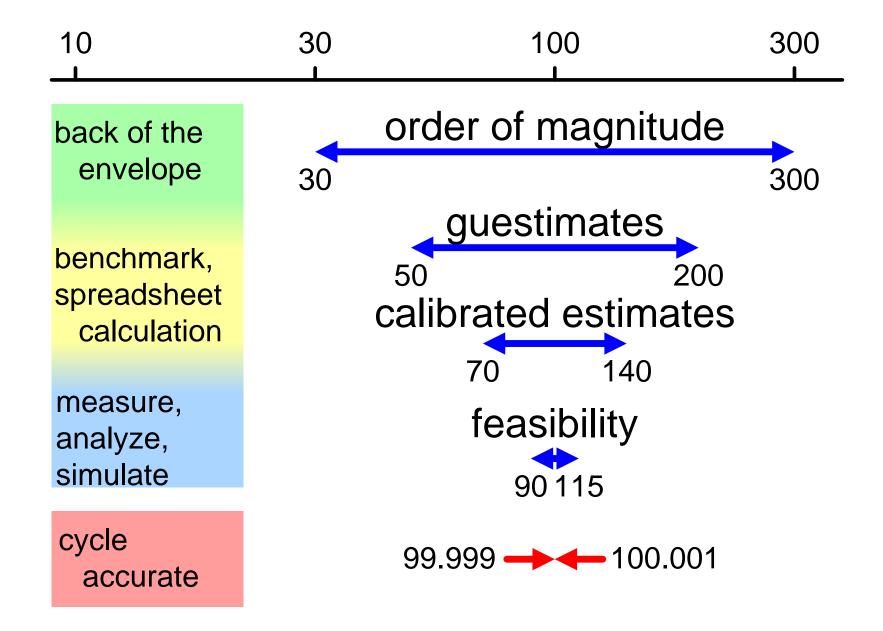


Decomposition of system TR in HW and SW



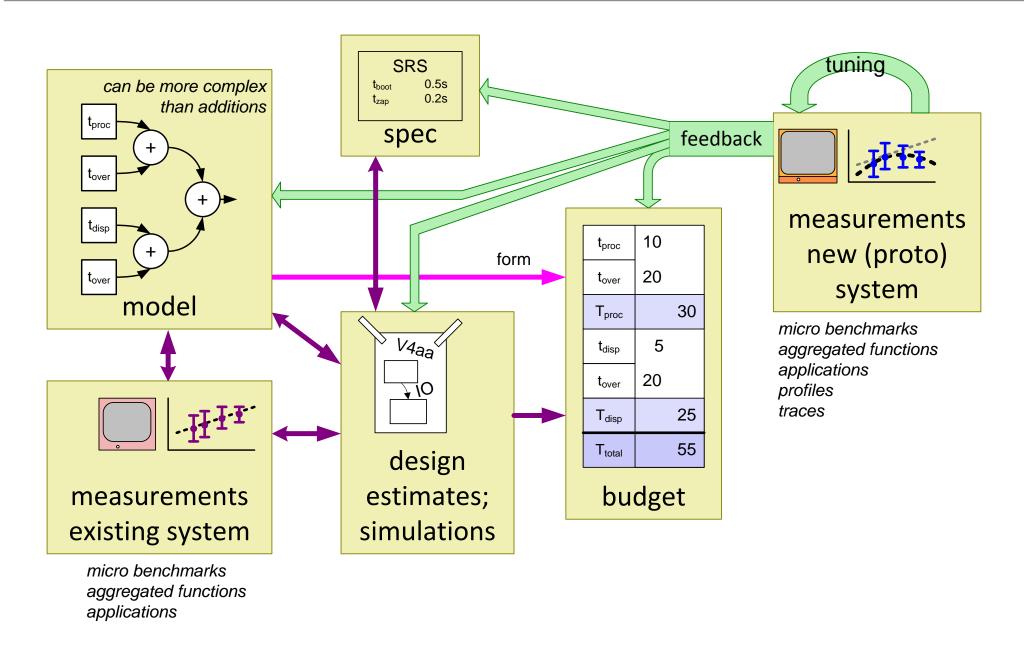


Quantification steps





Budget based design





Execution architecture concepts

by Gerrit Muller University of South-Eastern Norway-NISE

e-mail: gaudisite@gmail.com

www.gaudisite.nl

Abstract

The execution architecture determines largely the realtime and performance behavior of a system. Hard real time is characterized as "missing a deadline" will result in system failure, while soft real time will result "only" in dissatisfaction. An incremental design approach is described. Concepts such as latency, response time and throughput are illustrated. Design considerations and recommendations are given such as separation of concerns, understandability and granularity. The use of budgets for design and feedback is discussed.

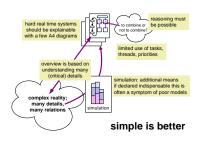
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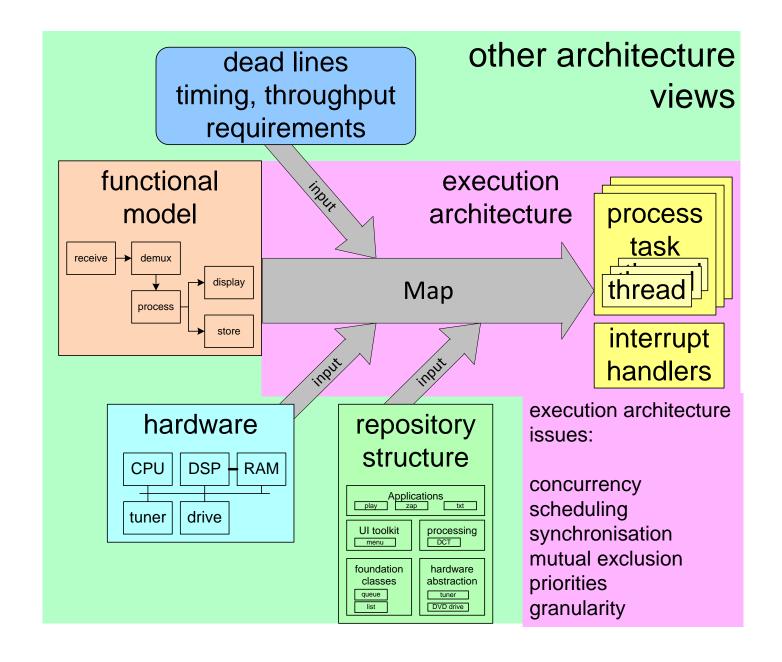
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version: 1.1

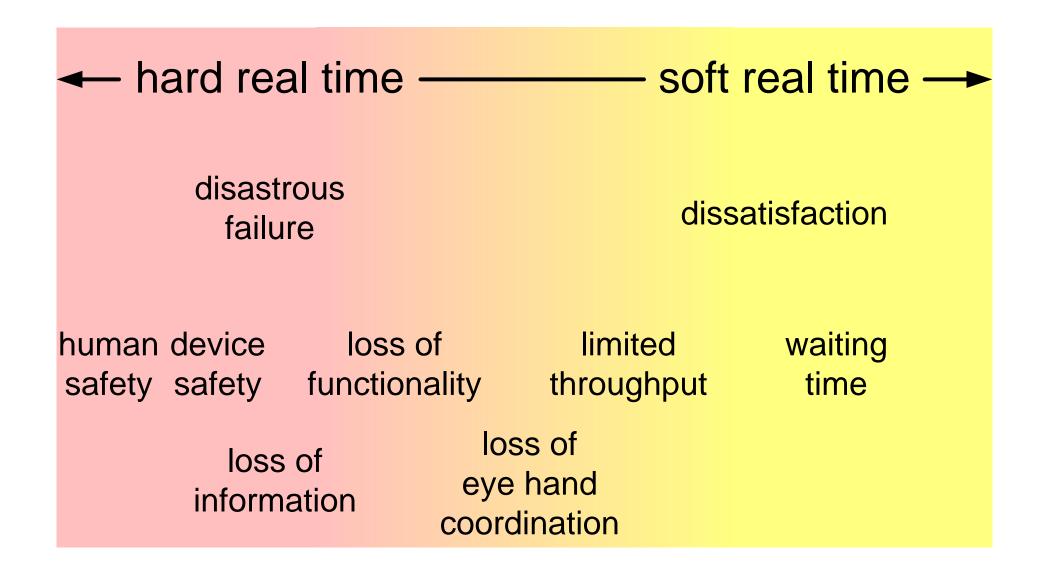


Execution Architecture





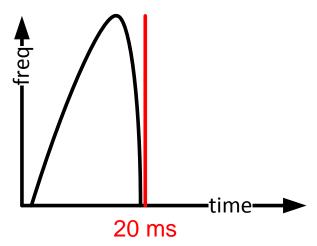
Fuzzy customer view on real time





Smartening requirements

Limited set of hard real time cases

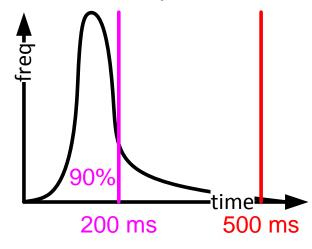


Precise form of the distribution is not important.

Be aware of systematic effects

No exception allowed Worst case must fit

Well defined set of performance critical cases

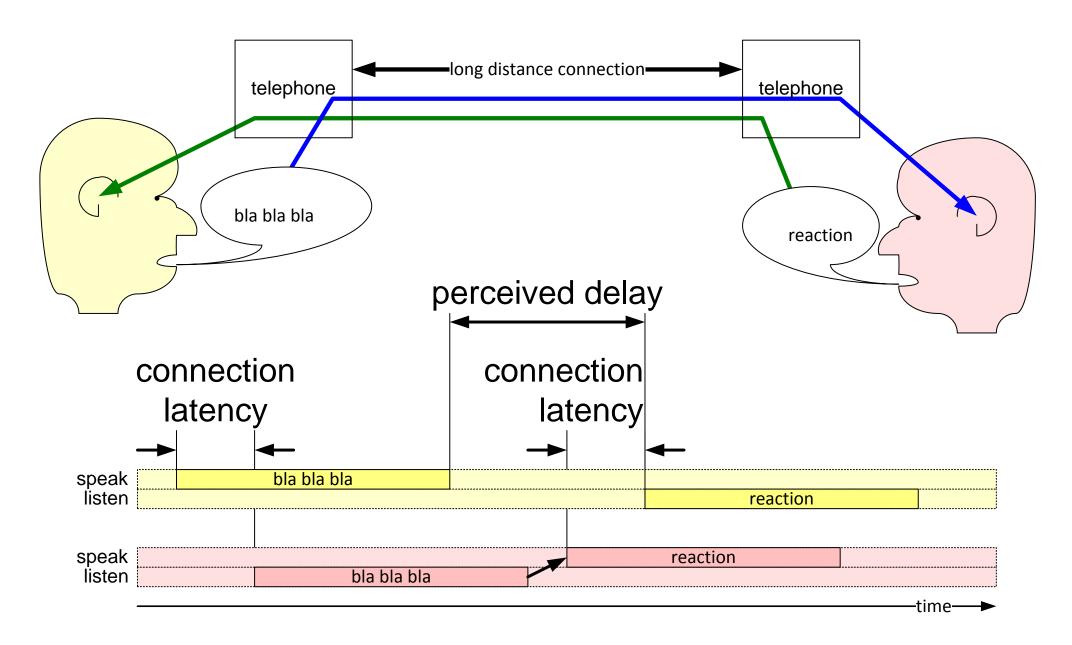


Typical within desired time, limited exceptions allowed.

Exceptions may not result in functional failure

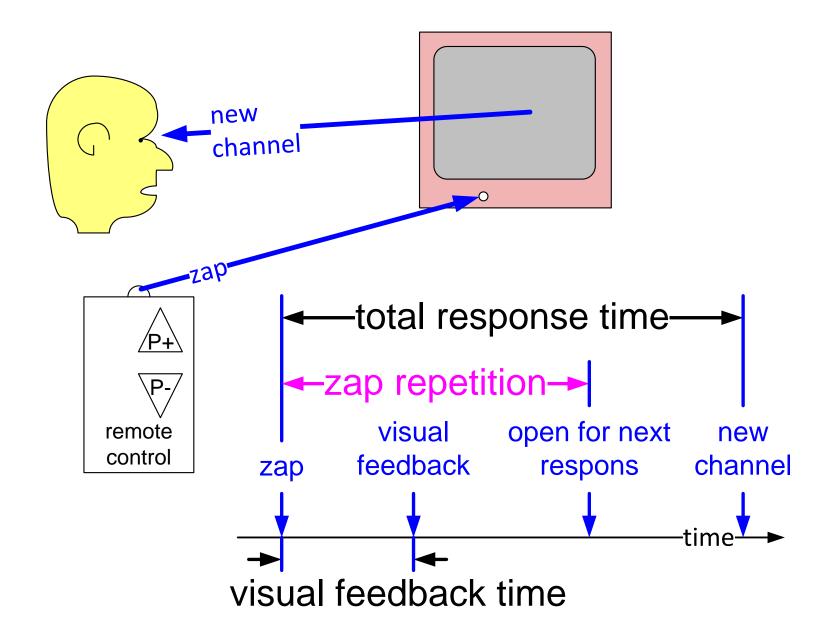


Latency



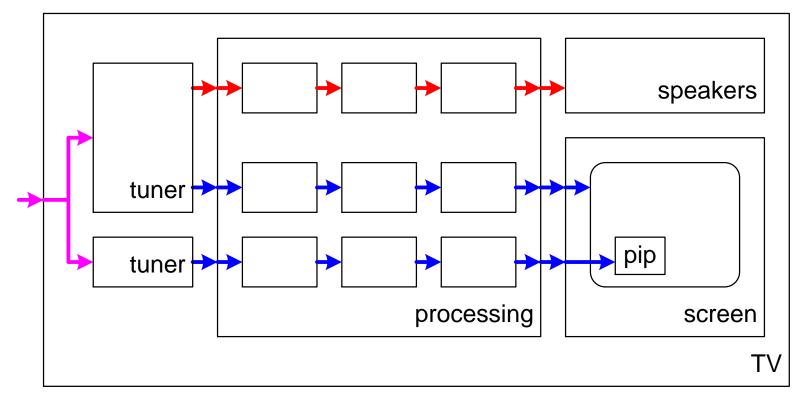


Response Time





Throughput

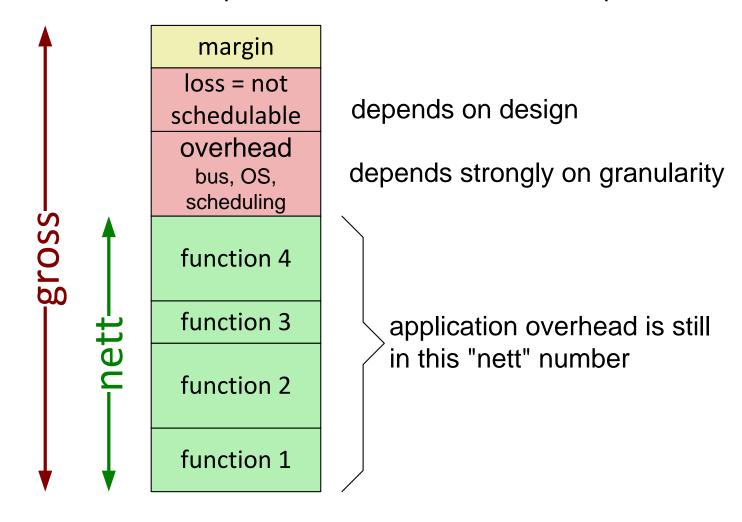


throughput:

- + processing steps/frame
- + frames/second
- + concurrent streams

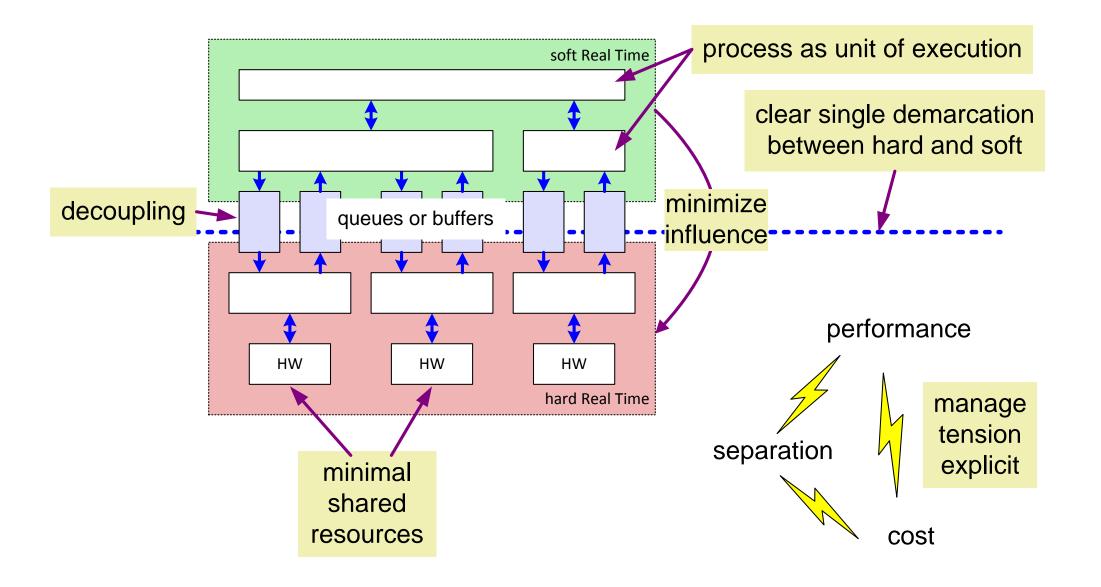


bus bandwidth, processor load [memory usage] useful macroscopic views, be aware of microscopic behavior



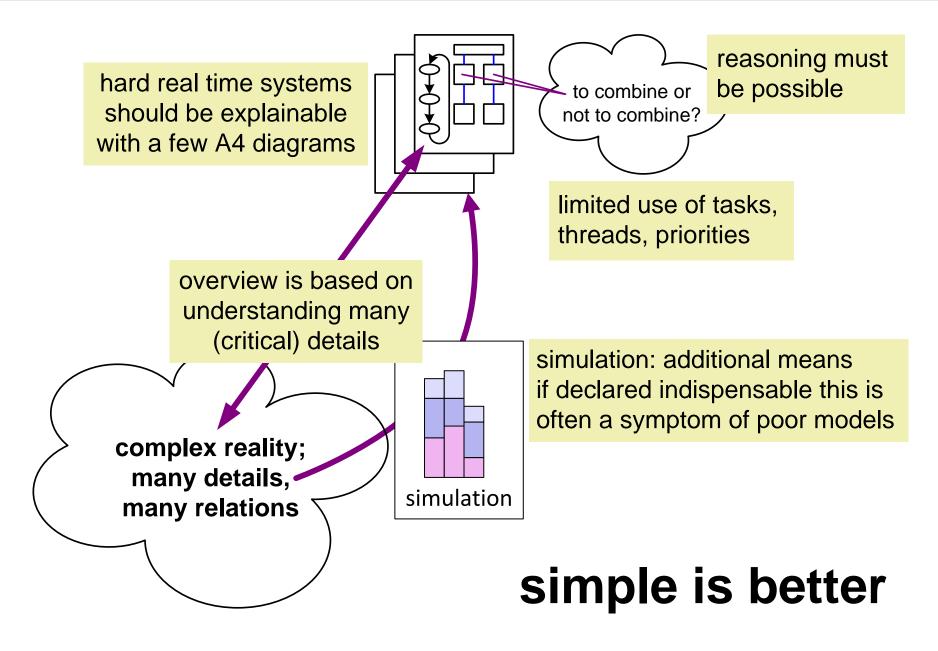


Design recommendations separation of concerns



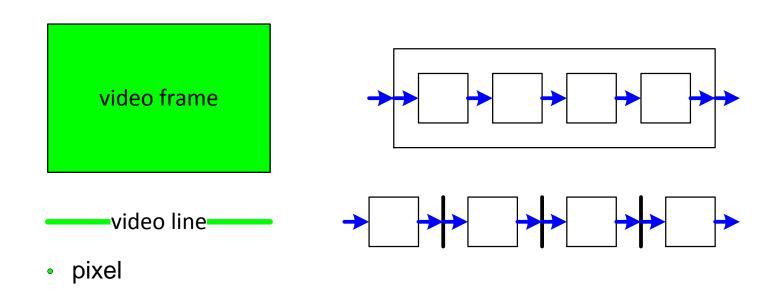


Design recommendations understandability





Granularity considerations



fine grain: coarse grain: flexible rigid high overhead low overhead



Design patterns

synchronous

safety critical, reliable, subsystems

very low overhead predictable understandable

works best in total separation does not work for multiple rhythms

thread based

Asynchronous applications and services

separation of timing concerns sharing of resources (no wait)

poor understanding of concurrency danger of high overhead

timer based

regular rhythm;

low "tunable" overhead understandable

fast rhythms significant overhead



interrupt based

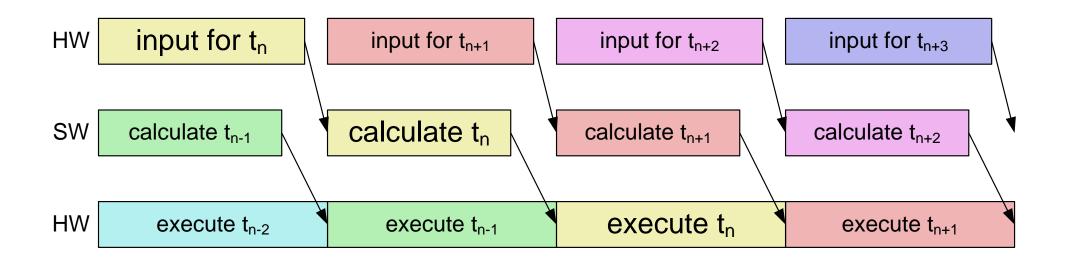
I/O and HW events

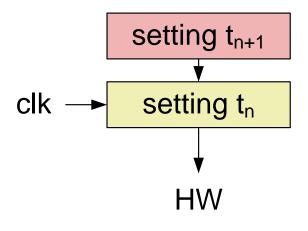
separation of timing concerns

definition of interrupts determines: overhead, understandability



Synchronous design

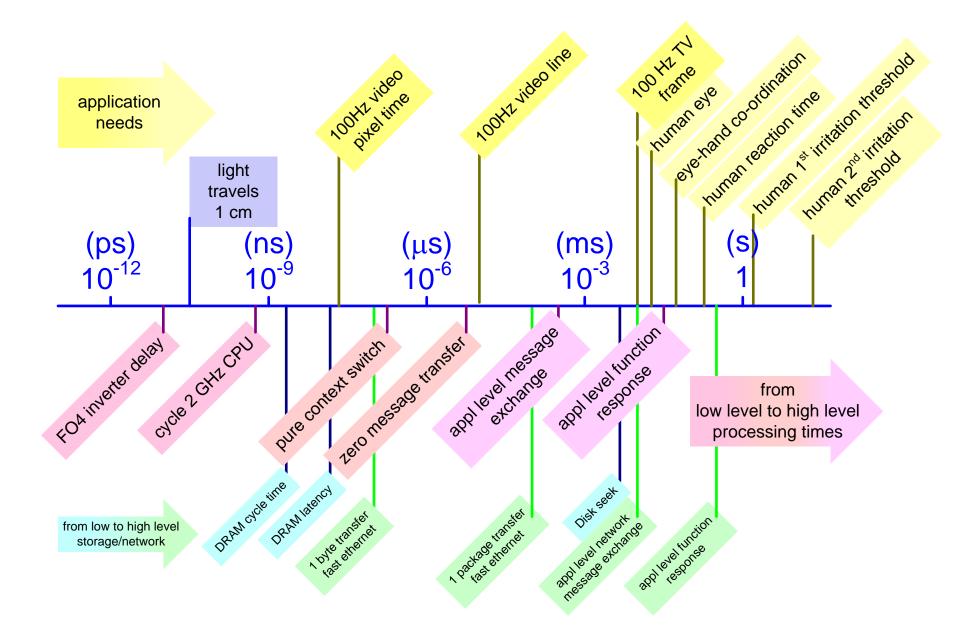




double buffer: full decoupling of calculation and execution



Actual timing on logarithmic scale



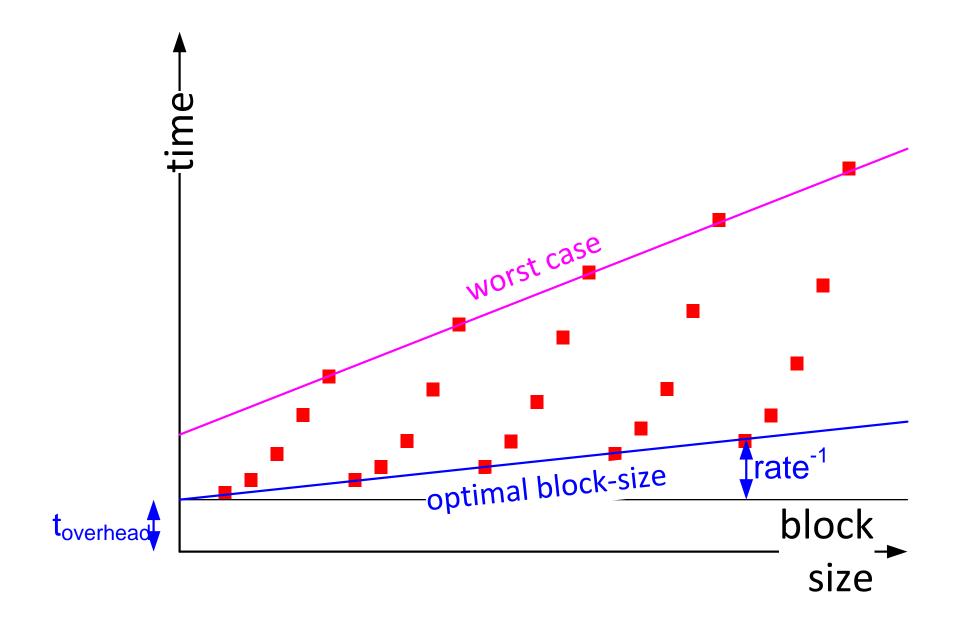


Typical micro benchmarks for timing aspects

	infrequent operations, often time-intensive	often repeated operations
database	start session finish session	perform transaction query
network, I/O	open connection close connection	transfer data
high level construction	component creation component destruction	method invocation same scope other context
low level construction	object creation object destruction	method invocation
basic programming	memory allocation memory free	function call loop overhead basic operations (add, mul, load, store)
OS	task, thread creation	task switch interrupt response
HW	power up, power down boot	cache flush low level data transfer



The transfer time as function of blocksize





Example of a memory budget

memory budget in Mbytes	code	obj data bu	ılk data	total
shared code User Interface process database server print server optical storage server communication server UNIX commands compute server system monitor	11.0 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	3.0 3.2 1.2 2.0 2.0 0.2 0.5 0.5	12.0 3.0 9.0 1.0 4.0 0 6.0 0	11.0 15.3 6.5 10.5 3.3 6.3 0.5 6.8 0.8
application SW total	13.4	12.6	35.0	61.0
UNIX Solaris 2.x file cache				10.0 3.0
total				74.0



Complicating factors and measures

complications

cache

bus allocation

memory management

garbage collection

memory (buffer, storage) fragmentation

non preemptable OS activities

"hidden" dependencies (ie [dead]locks)

systematic "coincidences", avalanche triggers

instable response, performance

measures

considered margin

explicit behavior

architecture rules

monitoring, logging

pool management

feedback to architect

flipover simulation

