Basic Working Methods of a System Architect

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Abstract

The challenge for the architect is to cover a wide range of subjects, with many unknowns and uncertainties, while decisions are required all the time. The basic working methods, such as viewpoint hopping, modelling, handling uncertainties and WWHWWW questions are described.



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Many viewpoints





Viewpoint Hopping





The seemingly random exploration path





Scanning modes of the architect

open perceptive scanning





drunkard's walk the world is full of interesting needs, technologies, ... straight for the goal ignore everything that is not contributing directly to the goal

Combined open perceptive and goal oriented scanning



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Coverage of problem and solution space



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Decomposition, interfaces and integration





Successive quantification refinement





Example evolution of quantification





Quantified understanding of waferstepper overlay









3. layering to separate

separation of concerns self sustained life-cycle separation robust: paranoia validations 4. reliability of storage

- 5. database redesign
- 6. integration schedule
- 7. movement artefact
- 8. standby power
- 9. weak signal handling
- 10. location-based twiddle



A model is a simplified representation of *part* of the real world used for:

communication, documentation analysis, simulation, decision making, verification

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Some examples of models





Types of models

mathematical	vioual		
linguistic	visual		
formal	informal		
quantitative	qualitative		
detailed	global		
concrete	abstract		
accurate	approximate		
executable	read only		
←rational ——	——intuitive—►		

ESI

IS



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Why broadens scope, How opens details



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Multiple propositions

throughput cost safety	20 p/m 5 k\$	high-performance sensor high-speed moves additional pipelining	350 ns 9 m/s					
Tow cost and performance i								
throughput cost safety	20 p/m 5 k\$ <i>low cos</i>	high-performance sensor high-speed moves t and performance 2	300 ns 10 m/s					
throughput cost safety	25 p/m 7 k\$ <u>high cc</u>	highperformance sensor high-speed moves additional collision detector	200 ns 12 m/s					

Assessment of propositions

criterions	criterion weight	low cost and performance 1	low cost and performance 2	high cost and performance
throughput	5	2	2	3
cost	5	3	3	2
safety	5	5	5	5
future proof	2	2	3	3
effort	4	5	4	4
dev. time	5	5	4	4
risk	4	4	3	3
maintenance	3	2	3	3



Recursive and concurrent application of flow





Exploration by rapid iteration



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