

# Submethods in the CR Views

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## Abstract

This chapter describes the *Conceptual* view and the *Realization* view. Both views are supported by a set of submethods to describe multi-disciplinary design, for example several decompositions and models are provided.

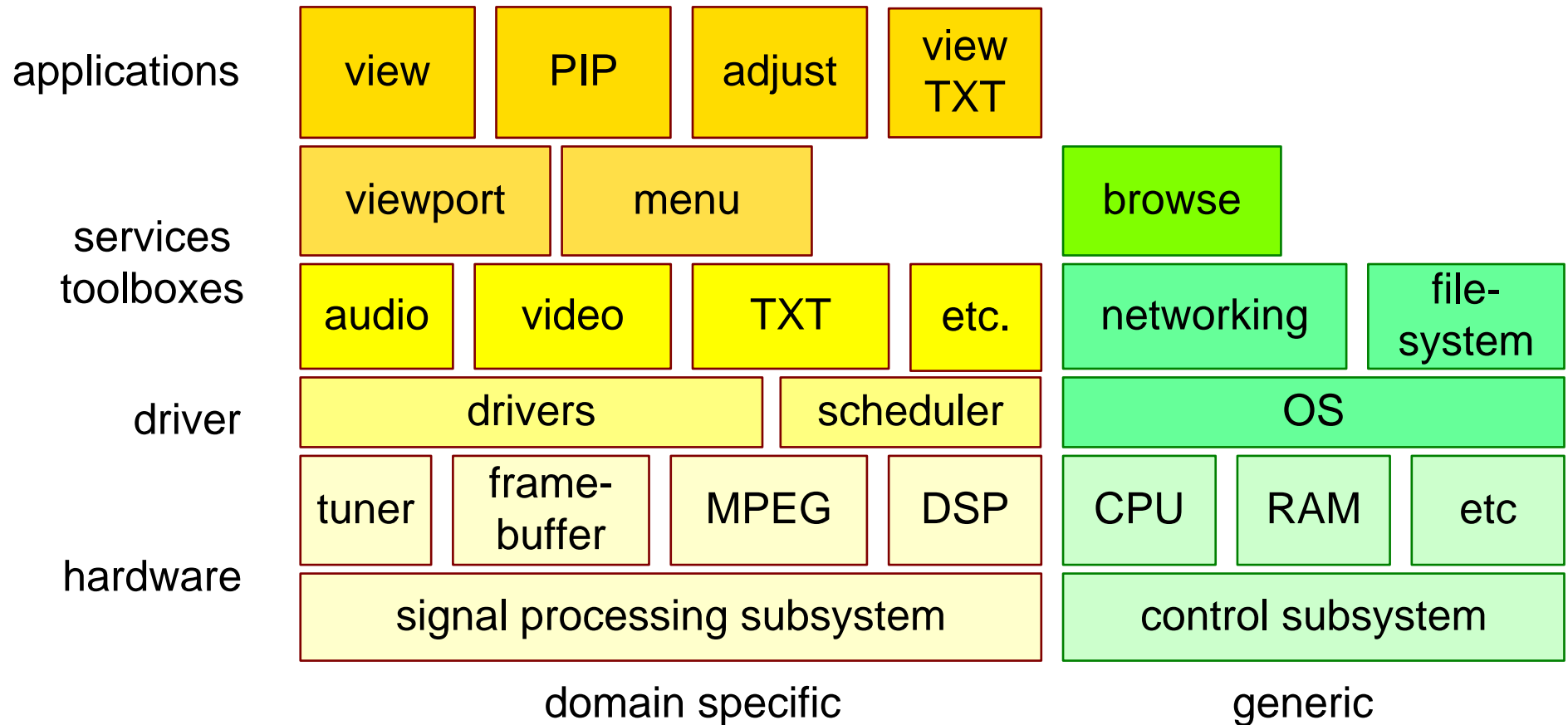
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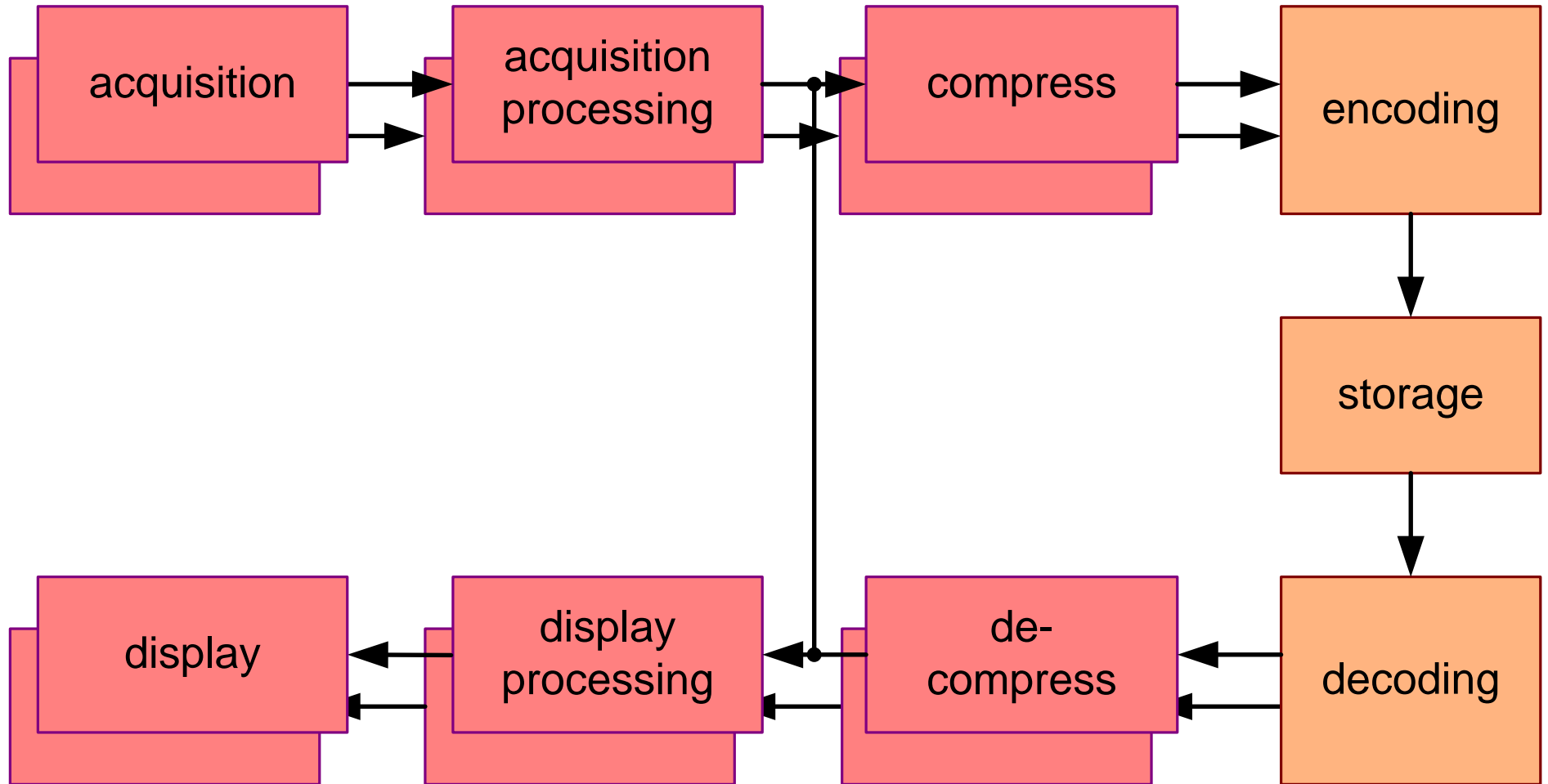
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# Construction Decomposition



# Functional Decomposition

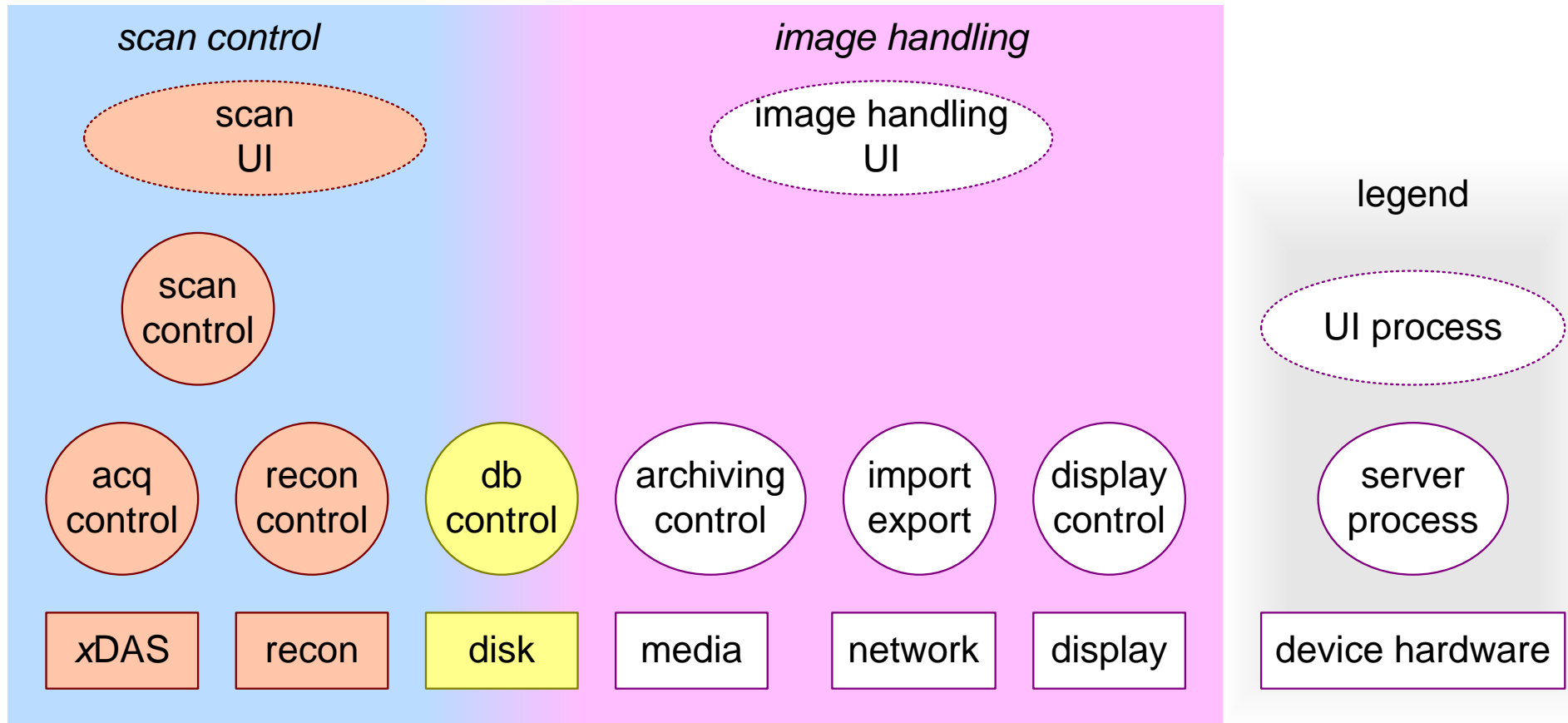


How about the **<characteristic>**  
of the **<component>**  
when performing **<function>**?

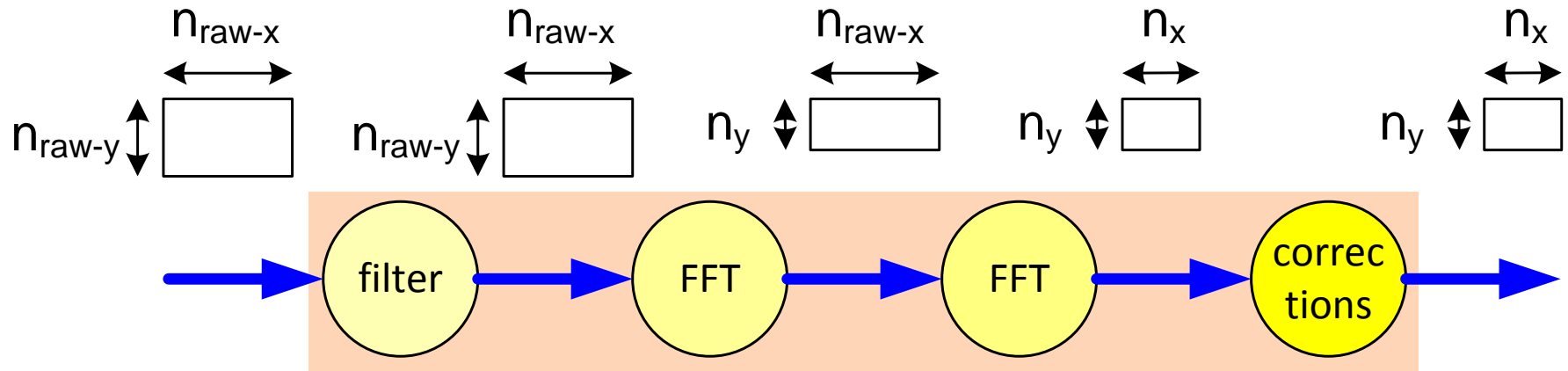
characteristics	SNR accuracy <b>memory usage</b> processing latency ...
components	import server <b>user interface</b> print server database server export server ...
functions	<b>query DB</b> render film play movie next brightness ...

What is the **memory usage** of  
the **user interface**  
when **querying the DB**

# Process Decomposition



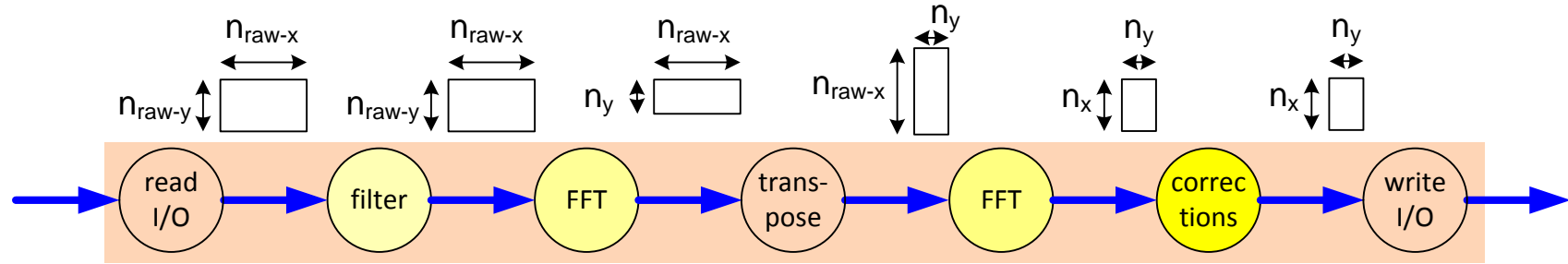
# Conceptual Performance Model



$$t_{\text{recon}} = t_{\text{filter}}(n_{\text{raw-x}}, n_{\text{raw-y}}) + n_{\text{raw-x}} * ( t_{\text{fft}}(n_{\text{raw-y}}) + t_{\text{col-overhead}} ) + n_{\text{y}} * ( t_{\text{fft}}(n_{\text{raw-x}}) + t_{\text{row-overhead}} ) + t_{\text{corrections}}(n_{\text{x}}, n_{\text{y}}) + t_{\text{control-overhead}}$$

$$t_{\text{fft}}(n) = c_{\text{fft}} * n * \log(n)$$

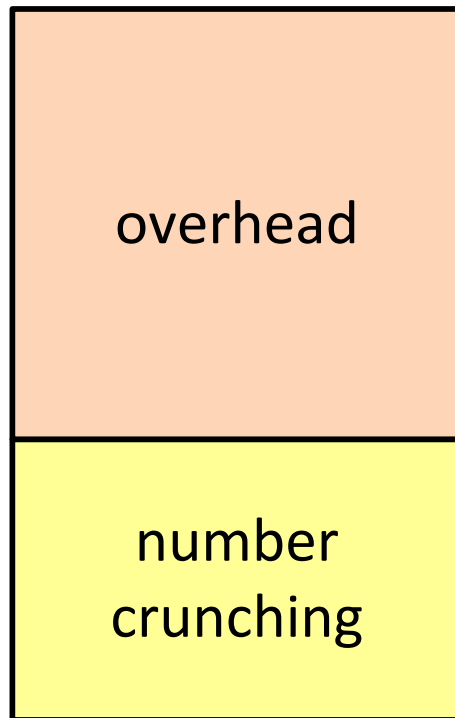
# Model After More Detailed Performance Analysis



$$t_{\text{recon}} = t_{\text{filter}}(n_{\text{raw-x}}, n_{\text{raw-y}}) + n_{\text{raw-x}} * (t_{\text{fft}}(n_{\text{raw-y}}) + t_{\text{col-overhead}}) + n_y * (t_{\text{fft}}(n_{\text{raw-x}}) + t_{\text{row-overhead}}) + t_{\text{corrections}}(n_x, n_y) + t_{\text{read I/O}} + t_{\text{transpose}} + t_{\text{write I/O}} + t_{\text{control-overhead}}$$

$t_{\text{fft}}(n) = c_{\text{fft}} * n * \log(n)$

bookkeeping
transpose
malloc, free
write I/O
read I/O
overhead
correction computations
row overhead
FFT computations
column overhead
FFT computations
overhead
filter computations



focus on overhead reduction  
 is more important  
 than faster algorithms  
 this is not an excuse for sloppy algorithms

# Micro Benchmarks

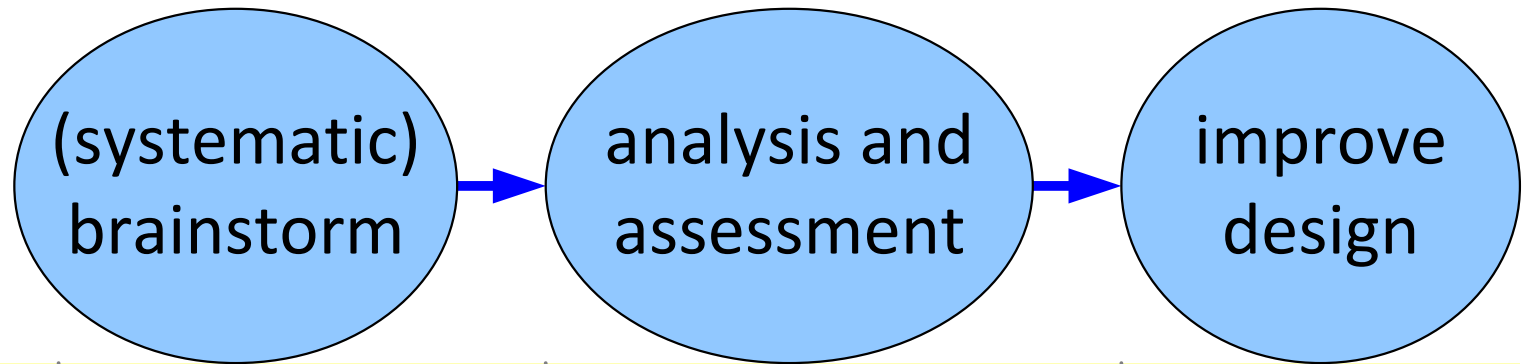
	<i>infrequent operations, often time-intensive</i>	<i>often repeated operations</i>
<i>database</i>	start session finish session	perform transaction query
<i>network, I/O</i>	open connection close connection	transfer data
<i>high level construction</i>	component creation component destruction	method invocation same scope other context
<i>low level construction</i>	object creation object destruction	method invocation
<i>basic programming</i>	memory allocation memory free	function call loop overhead basic operations (add, mul, load, store)
<i>OS</i>	task, thread creation	task switch interrupt response
<i>HW</i>	power up, power down boot	cache flush low level data transfer



# Budget Approach

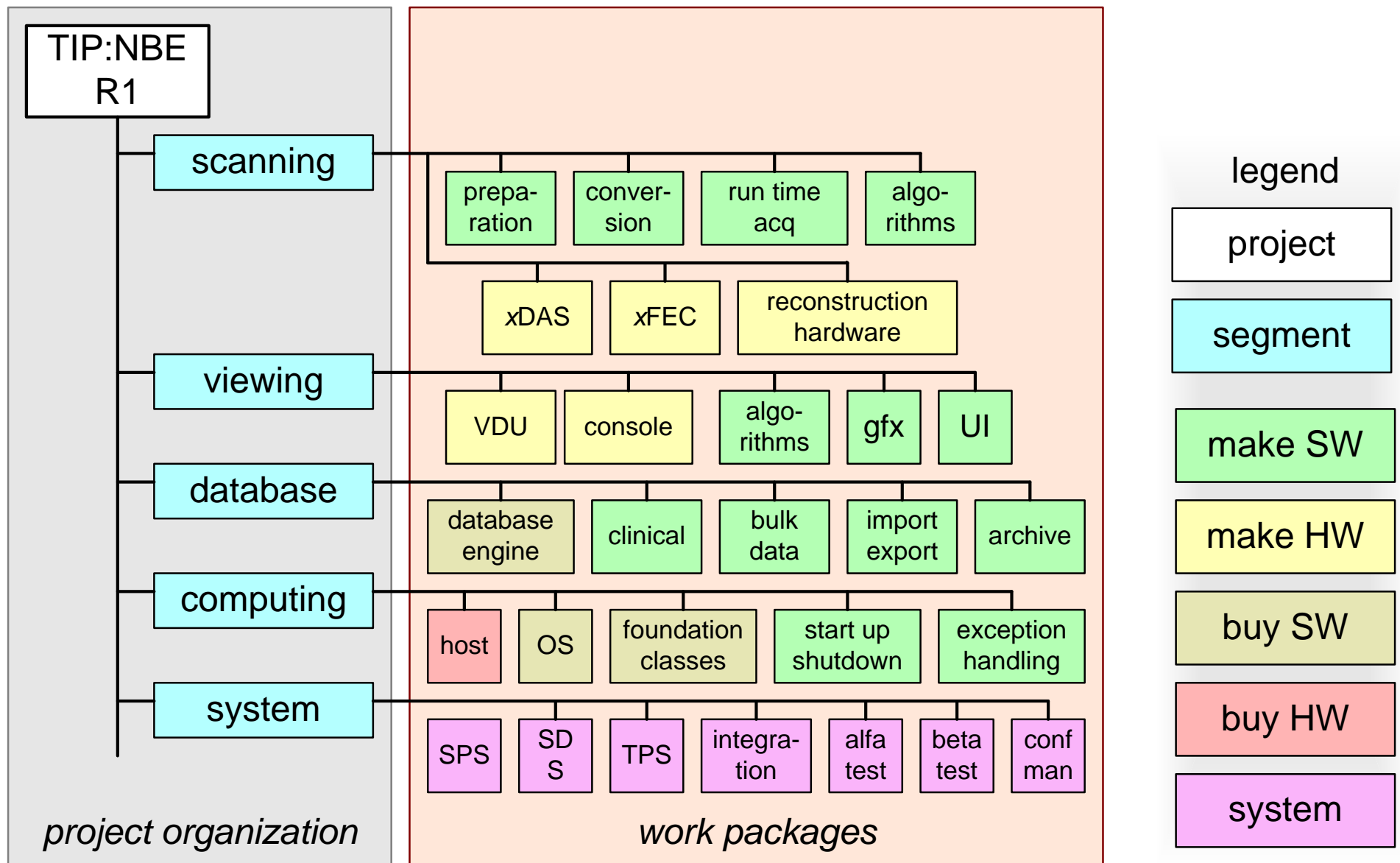
step	example
1A measure old systems	micro-benchmarks, aggregated functions, applications
1B model the performance starting with old systems	flow model and analytical model
1C determine requirements for new system	response time or throughput
2 make a design for the new system	explore design space, estimate and simulate
3 make a budget for the new system:	models provide the structure measurements and estimates provide initial numbers specification provides bottom line
4 measure prototypes and new system	micro-benchmarks, aggregated functions, applications profiles, traces
5 Iterate steps 1B to 4	

# Safety, Reliability and Security Analysis

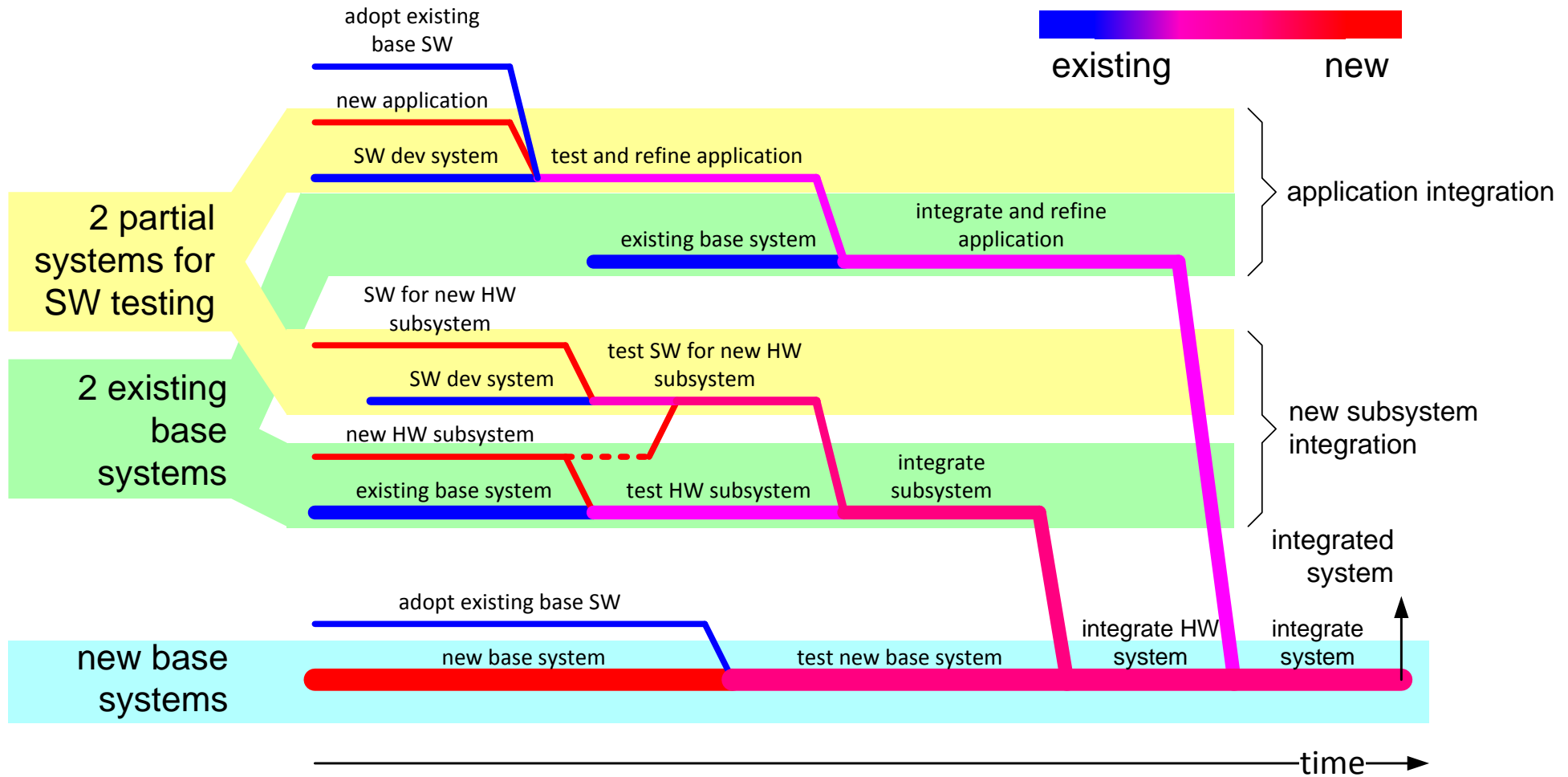


<b>safety</b> hazard analysis	potential hazards	probability severity	measures
<b>reliability</b> FMEA	failure modes	effects	measures
<b>security</b>	vulnerability risks	consequences	measures

# Work Break Down



# Integration Plan



# Overview CR Submethods

## Conceptual

construction decomposition  
functional decomposition  
designing with multiple decompositions  
execution architecture  
internal interfaces  
performance  
start up  
shutdown  
integration plan  
work breakdown  
safety  
reliability  
security

## Realization

budget  
benchmarking  
performance analysis  
value and cost  
safety analysis  
reliability analysis  
security analysis  
granularity determination